THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 35. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1900. NO. 27.

STORE NEWS

Waist and Skirts

Cheap? Yes! Cheaper here now than ever before. Are you a thrifty buyer? Then these waists and skirt offerings will appeal to you. But be quick, for these will soon be gone.

New Dress Goods

We can only extend to you an invitation to come and see these new dress goods beauties. Printers ink cannot tell the story. We will say this, however, if you would know the newest, most approved dress goods patterns, you must see this assortment.

Men's Hats and Shirts.

Perfect gems! so said a visitor who chanced along as they were being unboxed. Yes they are the best styles in town. And the best of it is that they are cheap in price but not in quality.

M. C. TULIS.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE'S

Prescription Department is up to date in every particular. Hundreds will attest to the very low prices. 30 years experience.

Wall Paper.

2000 rolls at 3c per roll. A great variety of high grade paper at greatly reduced prices.

Paints! Paints! Paints!

Paints, oils and varnishes, a full line. Enamel paints, varnishes and stains, in all colors.

Fishing Tackle.

Save money! Call for your Prescriptions, Wall Paper, Paints, Oils Fishing Tackle.

L. TAGGART, Prop.

R. Seger & Co.,

THE PIONEER TAILORS.

Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

STYLISH CLOTHES

for the people,

GUARANTEED FITS.

We carry at all times, the largest line of imported and domestic goods to be found in this section of the state. Our prices are within the reach of all, while we aim to please our customers.

NEW WINTER STYLES now here.

STYLISH BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS.

R. SEGER & CO.

Burglars.

Last week one evening, thieves entered the barn of F. D. Leet, and stole four sets of harness. Mr. Leet made a thorough investigation of the matter and placed suspicion on F. S. Burnell and Grant Fulton and had a warrant issued for their arrest. On Friday evening they were given a hearing before Justice Larrabee, and sufficient evidence produced to hold them for their appearance at the next term of court. Justice Larrabee fixed the bail at $200 each, and asked Burnell if he could get bail, who replied, "I don't want any, I guess 'Jack' (the sheriff) will feed me good," so he was committed to jail to await court. Fulton who is acting in the capacity of a farmer for Mr. Leet, asked that gentleman to go his bail, after a short private talk, bail was secured and Fulton left for his home.

Hon. John J. Ingalls' Insurance.

In December, 1885, Senator Ingalls insured his life in the New-York Life Insurance Company under two policies of $10,000 each, issued on the 15-Payment Life, 15-Year Accumulation, full return-premium plan; that is to say, the Company agreed in the policy to pay $10,000, and in addition to return all the premiums actually paid to the Company in case of death within fifteen years from date of issue. At the end of fifteen years the policies would enjoy the usual accumulation options. Mr. Ingalls died about four months before the fifteen years expired. The Company is therefore this week paying to his wife, in whose favor policies were written, $20,000, as the face value of the two policies in question, plus $19,583.10, which represents the total premiums paid by Mr. Ingalls to the Company during the fourteen years and eight months in which he was insured and paid premiums.

Soldier and Sailor Monument.

At a regular meeting of Lieut. D. W. Taggart Post, No. 241 G. A. R., held August 11, 1900, the subject of erecting a Soldiers' and Sailors' monument for Cameron county was discussed, and it was decided that the Commander appoint an unlimited number of gentlemen, both of the Post and citizens, to consider the matter; to devise means, etc., for the erection of said monument in accordance with act of assembly. After lapse of time given and due consideration, we have accordingly named the following gentlemen, citizens of Cameron county, in whom we impose confidence that they will meet, organize and carry forward the work as speedily as possible.

COMMITTEE.

J. F. Parsons, J. C. Johnson, Josiah Howard, M. M. Larrabee, H. H. Mullin, Henry Auchu, L. Taggart, M. T. Hogan, T. F. Moore, Emporium; J. O. Brookbank, Charles Gleason, Driftwood; C. F. Barclay, Sinnamahoning; F. X. Blumle, Shippen township; John L. Johnson, Gibson township; Joseph Kissel, Lumber township; V. A. Brooks, Grove township; Delos Burlingame, Portage township.

The above committee will have power to appoint sub-committees upon any matter that may come before them at any time. Respectfully submitted by Post No. 241, G. A. R.

A. CHAPMAN, Commander.

The Star Course.

The following are the dates at which the several attractions of the People's Star Course will appear:

Oct. 31st, Ariel Ladies Sextette.
Nov. 20th, Charles Underhill—Impersonator.
Dec. 12th, Slaytons Jubilee Singers.
Feb. 2nd, A.W. Hawks—Laughing Philosopher.
March 9th, Elias Day—Characterist.

The list of Course subscribers is still growing. No one can afford to forego this treat. The cause is one of exceptional excellence and will thoroughly please and entertain its patrons. Do not fail to become a subscriber.

Voters should remember that they must be registered not later than September 5th in order to vote at the November election.

SUICIDE.

E. C. Mitchell Assistant Supt. of National Transit Company Puts a Bullet Through His Brain.

Last Friday afternoon about 3:15 Mr. O. J. Burdic, the pipe line walker between Colgrove and this place met a terrible sight while walking near the stone quarry just north of Emporium. Horrified at the ghastly sight he ran to Emporium and notified Coroner A. W. Baker, who quickly repaired to the place with the following gentlemen as jurors: W. D. White, R. C. Dodson, E. G. Straight, C. W. Rishell, O. J. Burdic and Robt Robertson. After viewing the remains of the dead man he was quickly identified by several gentlemen as E. C. Mitchell, Asst. Supt. of National Transit Company. The suicide left the Warner House shortly after six o'clock in the morning, telling the teamster to meet him at the hotel in a short time and drive him to Cameron, where the men were working on the line. Mr. Mitchell had evidently gone to the mountain with the express intention of committing the act. When found he had spread his coat on the ground and sat down on the tail, so that after firing the fatal shot he fell back onto the coat. The ball entered his head back of the right ear, resulting no doubt in instant death. The revolver was lying under the fingers of his right hand. It is a clear case of suicide. His watch, $260 in money and valuable papers were found on his person.

The remains were removed to LaBar's undertaking establishment where the Coroner's jury completed the hearing and rendered a verdict of "suicide while temporarily insane." The remains were prepared for burial by undertakers LaBar and Rishell and turned over to J. W. Vandergift, sent here by the company, who conveyed them to Baltimore for burial, where his widow resides.

Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell have for years visited in Emporium where they have many friends. The sad death is a terrible blow to the widow.

A Lock Haven correspondent of Williamsport Grit says: "Edgar C. Mitchell, whose body was found along the pipe line of the American Transit company near Emporium by a pipe line walker yesterday, with a bullet hole in his head, was a former Lock Haven boy. He was a son of the late Ira C. Mitchell, the one time brilliant lawyer and afterwards preacher, who resided alternately in this city and in Bellefonte. Edgar, whose somewhat mysterious death caused much surprise among his old friends here, grew into young manhood in this city. He resided with his uncle, Mr. N. M. Leathers, on East Church street, and received much of his education in the First ward schools. Having been a class mate of his, the writer can attest to his aptness and rapid advance in his studies. Later he became a telegraph operator and about 15 years ago left this city. He resided happily with his wife at Lancaster, and for some years had been in the employ of the American Transit company in the capacity of an overseer or superintendent."

Sneak Thieves.

Emporium is cursed with a gang of sneak thieves who enter private residences and help themselves to anything they get their hands onto. Last Thursday F. A. Hill's residence was entered while he was engaged at his work in Howard's mill and the entire household ransacked. When Mr. Hill returned home, after completing his work, he found his house had been "visited" he discovered that his pocketbook containing a sum of money and a very valuable diamond ring had disappeared. No clue to the robbers up to this date. It is high time the miserable gang of loafers who hang around Emporium were given just sufficient time to leave town.

The Kinzua Bridge.

There are 167 men hustling daily at the big Kinzua bridge, rushing it to completion. All but seven spans of the heavier construction is in place and the riveting gangs are following up the elevations as fast as possible, putting in the bolts that hold the immense framework together, says the Bradford Star.

Obituary.

George W. Holcomb was born in Barton, New York, Feb. 16, 1855 and died at St. Joseph Hospital at Fort Wayne, Ind., August 19, 1900. He was married to Miss Ida Robinson of Fulmer Valley, N. Y., Sept. 3, 1876. To them was born one child a son who died at the age of 19. The affliction that carried our brother away began about two years ago which proved later to be cancer of the stomach and liver. These years were of intense suffering though borne without complaint.

About three weeks ago he expressed a desire to be baptized and received into membership in the Methodist Episcopal Church which was accordingly done. Ever since then it has been one constant decline to the death. Our brother was not afraid to die. He had all the instincts of a man that led to love of life and desire for ultimate recovery. But on the other hand he had faith in God and was perfectly willing to obey the Divine call and hailed the time come for him to go. He had a good heart that duly appreciated any kindness that was shown him. Often during his sickness when allusions were made to the faithfulness of his wife his eyes flowed like a fountain of tears. The attention of the sisters at the hospital was recognized and appreciated to the last moment. The last thing that he did was to recognize and speak the name of his wife when his soul went to God in a chariot of fire. The beautiful emblem of flowers that now rests on his bier was given by the brothers of the Maccabees of Fort Wayne with many other acts of kindness that were duly appreciated. He leaves in the immediate family an adopted daughter, wife and one brother. He was a member of the Knights of the Maccabees in Andover, N. Y.

Rev. Cain preached the sermon at the M. E. Church, Tuesday at 2 p m. Interment in the West Lawn Cemetery. —Geneva, Ind., Herald.

Deceased was brother of our townsman, Mr. Jos. Holcomb, who heard the sad news Monday. Many of our readers will remember the gentleman, who formerly resided at this place.

Weddings.

Mr. Lerant Moore and Miss Julia Slaigle were quietly but substantial married at Olean, N. Y., last Saturday morning in the presence of the bride's parents and Miss Kate O'Day. Miss Slaigle is a daughter of our townsman Jacob Slaigle and is very popular with her host of friends. Mr. Moore is an industrious and upright young man and is well and favorably known throughout this county. Both have the best wishes of their large circle of acquaintances for a bright and prosperous future.

Announcement was made on Monday of the marriage of Miss Nora Housler and Mr. Merrick Barker, The ceremony took place at Portageville, N. Y., last Sunday. The bride is daughter of Andrew Housler, of Shippen township and is a great favorite with all who know her. The groom is the oldest son of our townsman Mr. George Barker and is an industrious young man.

Mr. G. W. Gross and Miss Carrie E. Specht, of this place, were married last Wednesday, at Olean, N. Y. by Justice S. D. Dwinells.

Stock Exchange.

Mr. J. L. Wheeler has established a stock exchange in the Warner House at this place and is prepared to buy and sell stock, grain, &c. The office is connected by private wire with New York. Call and see the bulls and bears at work.

Notes and News.

The Emporium base ball team will play two games of ball at Renovo next Monday.

Observe the change in R. Seger's ad. in this issue. He is now prepared for the fall trade.

The West ward hose house was treated to a fresh coat of paint last week by F. W. Yentzer.

R. Seger & Son calls attention to their fall display of clothing, in their ad. in another column of this paper.

Is Mr. Emery going to vote for McKinley or Bryan? It is important that he announce his position in this respect.

Galeton Episcopalians have purchased a building site on the South Side and will erect a church thereon.—Austin Republican.

Are you registered? If not, give your name to the assessors. If in doubt, call upon him. This must be attended to on or before September 5.

Girls, this may interest you: "One freckle on the chin of a summer girl means one proposal before the season's over; a freckle in the middle of the forehead signifies that the possessor will be married before Christmas."

The Eaglesmere Chautauquan of last week says: "Superior Court Justice John I. Mitchell, of Wellsboro, after a two weeks' sojourn at Eaglesmere, shows signs of improvement, and is often seen on the verandas at the Lakeside, where he is comfortably quartered."

Kerosene oil lightly sprayed over cattle now will prevent the flies from bothering them. A Mansfield man has tried it, and while other cattle in the pasture are covered with little black flies, his cow is free from the pests. No doubt cattle would appreciate any kindness of that nature during fly time. —Exchange.

When the Hon. Lewis Emery, Jr., gets on the stump in this campaign, it will be interesting to hear him try to convince the people that the Standard Oil Co. is a "criminal" trust, and the Pure Oil Co., of which he is the head, is not a trust at all, although the U. S. Industrial Commission report that the latter was the most perfect "trust" they had run across in all their investigations.—Franklin News.

It is a "conspiracy" to have political ambition, according to the fusion journals. What sort of conspiracy was that which was planned and executed by the Democrats of this district when they induced the insurgent Republicans to join their forces with them for the purpose of defeating the regular Republican ticket? Will the honest, stalwart Republicans be blinded by the chaff which the real conspirators in the present campaign are trying to throw in their eyes?—Bradford Era.

Governor Stone and party left last Sunday for Chicago, to attend the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, now in session. The party consisted of Governor and Mrs. Stone, John Stone, the Governor's son; Congressman Graham and Mrs. Graham, of Pittsburg; General Frank Reeder and Mrs. Reeder; Adjutant-General Stewart and Private Secretary E. C. Gerwig. All of the party will go to Colorado Springs, with the exception of General Stewart. The Governor will not be back until September 5th.

The Republican Advocate says: That the shirt waist craze for men has reached Wellsboro was fully established by a very successful ball given at Glenn Hall in this village last Saturday evening by representatives of the 400. It was an exceedingly swell and dressy affair on the part of the ladies. The sterner sex by special permission, of course, discarded their coats, vests and suspenders and appeared in gorgeous new shirt waists of silk, madras and other fine textures held in place by taut belts. No accidents occurred to mar the serenity or beauty of the occasion and it is quite likely that future warm weather dances will be conducted along similar sensible lines.

Parents cannot be too careful in the training and instructing of their children. Of course some children are hard to understand and make it difficult for parents to give them proper correction. A boy about 12 years of age, was seen yesterday to dismount from Adams express wagon with his pockets full of peaches which he took from a small basket. We will not mention his name this time, but he is a very bad boy in other ways that we know, but his parents do not know it perhaps. Every parent ought to charge their boys persistently and strongly against stealing, and teach them the terribleness of such things; make them ashamed of low practices of all kinds, and it will save both you and your boys many a heartache in time to come.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The Presbyterian ladies will serve ice cream and cake, Friday evening, on C. H. Felt's lawn.

NATURALIZATION COURT.—Naturalization Court will convene at Emporium on Saturday, Sept. 1st.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Church will serve one of their famous chicken and waffle suppers in the near future.

By purchasing of N. Seger at this season of the year you save a large per cent. on goods that are staple and give immediate service.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A Crescent Tandem Bicycle, in first-class condition—run only about 100 miles.
18-tf DR. A. W. BAKER.

We hear no complaints from those who buy of N. Seger. Of course, people do not complain when they get perfect satisfaction.

SHAW'S PURE MALT.—Its value in sickness has been tried and proved. In the home it is not safe to be without it. Absolutely pure.
Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

The finest line of the best furniture, at LaBar's, for the very lowest price; will not be undersold by any one. Competition can't get down to our price.

WANTED.—Active parties to sell Tea, Coffee, Spices and Baking Powder to families. Liberal commission allowed. Apply to Grand Union Tea Co., 33 West Long Ave., DuBois, Pa. 25-3t

Finest line of Baby Wagons and Go Carts at LaBar's, going at your own price. Don't take my word, don't take anyone else's word, but when you see for yourself you will know that others can't sell as low.

Don't pay any attention to what others say about prices at LaBar's, but go and see for yourself. Here are some of his prices: Hard-wood beds $2.00, good cotton top mattresses $2.00, not cheap, dirty straw, but good ones; bed springs $2.00. Come and see them.

NOTICE.—Having too much other business the undersigned desires to rent or sell his farm. Here is a chance for some good industrious farmer to make money. Terms easy. If sell or rent will furnish it stocked or not as desired.
F. D. LEET, Atty.
Emporium, Pa. 23-tf

N. Seger, as usual, is receiving his fall line of goods, and of necessity is offering some excellent bargains to make room for his new stock. This is the time of year to buy cheap and at the same time procure goods that will not be dead stock.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE:—On account of advanced age I desire to retire from farming and will sell or exchange for town property, my farm of 170 acres at Sizerville, Pa. Besides a good modern dwelling there are two tenant houses and two barns upon it.
24-4t D. BURLINGAME.

YOUNG MEN WANTED, with fair education and good character, to learn telegraphy, railroad accounting, and typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalogue.
GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE.
16-26t Lexington, Ky.

CHARLES MAJOR'S NEW BEAR STORIES.—The latest work of the author of "When Knighthood was in Flower" has been secured by The Ladies' Home Journal. As would be expected, it has to do with adventure—the experiences of some frontier children. There is a childish romance woven into the stories and they will have a keen interest for boys as well as for their elders. Under the heading of "Blue River Bear Stories" Mr. Major's serial will begin in the October Journal.

Firemen Organizing.

Emporium Fire Department met last Monday and elected an Executive Committee composed of the following gentlemen to take charge of the work necessary to make the firemen's convention a success: C. W. Shaffer, Chairman; Josiah Howard, A. A. McDonald, S. E. Murry, Henry Wheaton. W. S Walker was elected treasurer of the fund. No doubt this committee will make the firemen's convention of 1901 a success.

Death's Doings.

Mr. Alex. Macdonall received a telegram on Tuesday conveying the sad intelligence that little Miss Ida Macdonald, aged 12 years, who formerly resided here and attended school, died suddenly at Dalhourie, Ont., on Monday. No particulars yet received. Many of our citizens will pleasantly remember the bright, handsome little lady and be grieved to learn of her death. Mr. and Mrs. Macdonall are certainly deeply grieved in the death of Mrs. M's sister. She was a general favorite in this place, where she was loved and greatly petted by our citizens.

Zinc and Grinding Make

Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.

EASTMAN'S KODAK

FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Showers.
SUNDAY, Probably Fair.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

BOOMING.

Spring trade is booming, notwithstanding the general complaint of dealers about the weather, forest fires and dull trade. We are up to date, away ahead of any previous season. Why? Clear-sighted men and women have discovered where they can get best and the most for their money in wall paper; in gloss white enamel paint, that will not turn yellow on exposure; in curtains that go up and down; in bicycles that will run ahead of anything on the road; in fishing tackle that catches the trout; in books and stationery that will interest you; in the news counter that has all the news that was, is and will be and a good cigar that will smoke as free as the smoke in the forests.

That's why the people are flocking here as never before.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Our "Good" Chinese.

M. L. Rayne, who discusses many facts in connection with the Chinese that are of interest just at present, thinks the Chinese Sunday school should go, and in the Chicago Times-Herald tells why: "The Chinese Sunday school class in American churches will probably be abolished—it should never have been instituted. The youngest and prettiest or most charming of American society girls were the instructors, and each Chinaman must have a teacher to himself. He made handsome presents to his instructor, fell in love promptly and bestowed his attentions until father or brother interfered and stopped further demonstration. Their education proceeded as far as reading a verse from the Bible in an unknown dialect. After Sunday school they finished the day playing poker—they were heathens. A lady who had seen one of the celestials in gorgeous clothes at the C Street church called at his laundry to have him send to her hotel for the weekly wash, when this dialogue ensued: "You stlanger?" "Yes." "Then bling pliceman—he know you—me not."

Judge Finn of the first municipal court, New York, is one of the coolest poker players on Manhattan Island. A case was before him the other day in which the defendant refused to pay a poker debt of $92. The judge asked what poker was, and five lawyers, with all of whom he has often played, diffidently opined that it was played with cards. "Is it a game of chance?" inquired the court. "That depends altogether on how good a player the other fellow is," answered one of the lawyers, mildly. After much consultation the court gave a verdict for plaintiff.

The door of a big safe in the Kentucky state treasurer's office became jammed in some way and several skilled mechanics vainly tried for days to open it. Then a messenger was sent to the penitentiary and came back with a gentleman whose ability to open safes had procured him board and lodging at the state's expense for a lengthened period. In just two minutes the door stood open and the successful expert was allowed to grin at the mechanics who had failed.

When Stephen Sears, of New Haven, Conn., made his will he was without children and he left all his property to his wife, with the proviso that in case of issue the will was to be revoked. When he was 83 years old a child was born to him, but he forgot all about his will and died without making another, and now, though his child lived only 23 hours, letters of administration have been issued to a relative as if no will had ever existed.

An association of Chicago bachelors has been formed to establish a home of this description: "Home should mean a nice, neat and comfortably furnished flat or house, which a man may call his own, at least for the time being, where he can make a racket if he desires without being afraid of disturbing anybody else, and where he can throw off collars, cuffs and shoes, and stick his feet on the parlor table without shocking a lot of silly prudes."

To all who have been seasick come tidings of encouragement. The Saxonia, with more than a thousand passengers aboard, recently steamed into Boston harbor on her maiden trip. The health officer climbed aboard. "A clean bill," said the captain, "and not a soul seasick." Many of us can now put to sea without a tremor.

One of the bulletins of the department of agriculture mentions a simple Australian remedy for cockroaches. It consists in feeding the insects upon a mixture of flour and plaster of paris which, it is said, they greedily devour. The plaster of paris "sets" after they have swallowed it, and that is the end of them.

Under a patent recently granted the handles of forks and knives are utilized for the storage of salt and pepper, each handle being formed of a tube, which has spring clips to hold it on the shank, with an internal reservoir for the salt or pepper, which is shaken through the ends.

RIOTING AT AKRON.

Angry Citizens Attempt to Lynch a Negro Rapist.

Police Fire Upon the Mob and Two Children Are Killed—Many Persons Wounded, Some Fatally—Columbia Hall Burned By the Mob.

Akron, O., Aug. 23.—Shortly after dark last night a mob of hundreds of angry and determined citizens gathered about the city prison for the avowed purpose of lynching Louis Peck, colored, the self-confessed assailant who pleaded guilty yesterday to having attempted an assault upon 6-year-old Tina Maas, of this city.

The negro had been confined in the city prison during the day, but the county officials scented the coming trouble and spirited him away in the afternoon at 4 o'clock. He was taken to Cleveland by Sheriff Kelly and Prosecutor Wanamaker.

The mob could not be convinced of this fact, however, and at 7:30 o'clock a sudden rush was made for the lower entrance to the prison. The mob forced its way in and the officers made no resistance. After some counseling the mob agreed to the appointment of a committee to search the building. A committee was appointed and the search was made. When the result was announced to the mob the leaders yelled: "To the jail," and a grand rush was made for that building, two squares away.

Two deputies were found in charge and the keys were given up by them to the leaders, who searched the jail. Not finding the prisoner there the mob turned to the court house and smashed in the big double entrance doors. The building was searched and an attempt made to wrench the iron doors from the treasurer's office but was unsuccessful.

A colored prisoner, "Bug" Howard, was removed from the county jail and was taken away with Peck. Had he been found it is believed that he would have been lynched.

The disappointed mob surged back to the city prison and again forced an entrance. By this time thousands had gathered and the clamor became so great that Mayor W. E. Young appeared in a second story window and attempted to address the mob. He appealed for order, but was hooted and jeered at until compelled to give up the attempt.

At 10 o'clock the mob began a vicious attack on the city building, using a battering ram on the front doors. Stones and bricks were thrown and the police in the building began to shoot over the heads of the crowd. The mob scattered and began a fusillade of paving bricks. The mayor and officers took refuge in the inner rooms and exchanged shots with the mob. Glen Wade, an 11-year-old boy, was shot through the breast and died a few minutes later in Enright's undertaking establishment.

A few minutes later the police fired from the building and shot three unknown men through the legs. The mayor at 10:30 o'clock had ordered out the military.

J. M. Davidson, a contractor, attempted to drive down Main street, past the city building. He was in an open carriage and had his wife and little girl with him. The child was asleep in its mother's arms, when a shot from a policeman's revolver killed it instantly. The shot was directed at the mob, which had retired across the street, but it passed through the little girl's head from temple to temple. Mrs. Davidson is prostrated with grief.

Shortly after the boy was shot someone in the crowd fired a charge of buckshot into the breast of Fred Vorwer, a young man 25 years of age. He will die. Prison-keeper J. E. Washer appeared in the street and was struck upon the head with a brick. He is painfully, but not seriously, injured.

A man named Mull was shot through the leg with a pistol ball, and was also wounded in the temple with a brick.

Up to a late hour the militia had not appeared upon the streets. It was found both inadvisable and impossible to get out the local companies in spite of the utmost efforts of the officers to comply with the mayor's appeal for help.

At 12:25 o'clock the mob, infuriated at the action of the police, gathered again and set fire to Columbia hall, next to the city building. The fire department was powerless to work, as the mob cut the hose.

A part of the crowd rushed to the Standard Hardware Company store on Main street, broke it open and took all the guns and ammunition to be found in the place. Going back to the city building with these a fresh and furious attack was made upon the fortified policemen.

Akron, O., Aug. 24.—Thousands of people came here Thursday to see the ruins of Wednesday night's riot. The city hall has been totally ruined by dynamite and fire. Company C, Eighth regiment, of Canton, has arrived, together with the Fourth regiment, of Columbus.

Two were killed, one fatally hurt and 18 injured as the result of the rioting. Company C, Eighth regiment, is guarding the wrecked city hall. Guards are strung along Main street to keep back the crowds of curiosity seekers. Only flame scarred walls remain of the city hall and only heaps of ashes mark the sight of Columbia hall, next to the city building.

Dolliver Is Appointed Senator.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 23.—Gov. Shaw last evening announced the appointment of Congressman J. P. Dolliver, of Fort Dodge, to be United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Gear. The appointment runs to March 4, 1901. The legislature does not meet in regular session until 1902 and Dolliver's appointment is likely to be renewed to run until his successor is elected. There will be a number of candidates before the next legislature for the position, including Senator Dolliver, Gov. Shaw and others.

AIDED BY NORTHERNERS.

Southern Cotton Mill Owners Complain Because Their Employes are Organized Into Unions by Yankees.

Washington, Aug. 22.—A special from Portsmouth, Va., to the Star says:

It is generally accepted as a fact among southern cotton mill men that the cotton mill men of New England who have been most seriously affected by the great increase of cotton mills in the south are aiding in the organization of the southern employes.

The mill owners in the south charge that this sudden interest in the welfare of their employes is really a covert attack upon the southern mills by attempting to create disaffection among the operatives. The mill owners are opposing the organization and several strikes have developed as a result in North Carolina mills.

One hundred and fifty union operatives who left the Erwin cotton mills at Durham are yet out. Other union operatives who did not strike will work out their notices. President Erwin, of this mill, notified them that no union men would be employed and gave them two weeks' notice. Union operatives at the Pearl mills at Durham have decided not to strike for the present.

Union organizers have gone from Durham to Haw River to organize the operatives in ex-Gov. Holt's mills. They have been quietly at work on this movement in North Carolina mills for months. The movement ostensibly was inaugurated by New England labor unions to get all the operatives in southern mills in the union.

THE ANTI-QUAY FACTION.

Pennsylvania Republican Committee Will Try to Prevent Fusion of Democrats and Quay's Enemies.

Philadelphia, Aug. 22.—The republican state committee held a special meeting in this city Tuesday and adopted resolutions denouncing the action of the anti-Quay section of the party in advocating fusion with the democratic party in certain legislative districts. The preamble to the resolutions sets forth that "it is openly charged that certain persons claiming to be republicans are engaged in an effort to form a fusion with the democratic party, even to the extent of voting for democrats when necessary, whereby the success of republican candidates in congressional, senatorial and representative districts may be imperilled."

The resolutions provide for a committee of seven to investigate and report to the state committee "the names of any person or persons claiming to be republicans and guilty of the dishonorable practices aforesaid, and the counties or districts in which such efforts at fusion may exist, so that the state committee may take effective action."

The committee placed William Henry Sayen on the ticket as an elector-at-large in place of ex-Congressman Arnold, who resigned, and named Dr. Ely, of Lackawanna county, as a district elector in place of F. L. Kinner, resigned.

BRYAN'S STUMPING TOUR.

Democracy's Leader Talks Politics in Three Nebraska Towns.

Falls City, Neb., Aug. 23.—Wednesday was a busy day for Mr. Bryan. It was after 6 a. m. when he reached Auburn, his first stopping place after leaving Lincoln. At 8 o'clock he made an hour's address there. At Tecumseh, the next stopping place, he spoke, and after a hasty dinner started upon a 21-mile drive across the country to Pawnee. At Pawnee, as at Auburn and Tecumseh, there was a good attendance, as also at the night meeting held here.

Mr. Bryan was accompanied throughout the trip by Mr. Berge, the democratic candidate for congress. At each place Mr. Bryan made an appeal in Mr. Berge's behalf. The trip from Pawnee to Falls City was made in a freight caboose behind a special engine secured by the Pawnee county committee. At the Tecumseh meeting the most interesting incident was a colloquy between Mr. Bryan and a man in the audience, evidently a republican, who propounded several questions to the speaker.

Shaw Would Change the Date.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Gen. Albert D. Shaw, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, arrived in Chicago last night to consult with the executive committee on the last details concerning the coming celebration which, he says, promises to be the largest encampment in the history of the organization. "Our membership is decreasing rapidly every year," said the commander, "and soon the G. A. R. will be a thing of the past. I hope, however, that before we pass out of existence we will change our Memorial day from the 30th of May to the last Sunday in May. Memorial day should be given over to patriotism and inspiration and not to boat racing and baseball games."

Oscar Agrees to Act as Arbitrator.

Stockholm, Sweden, Aug. 23.—King Oscar has agreed to act as arbitrator of the claims for compensation for losses sustained by British and German subjects and American citizens in Samoa.

Only Three Were Killed.

New York, Aug. 23.—The wreck on the New York & Harlem railroad at Kensico Tuesday night caused the death of three trainmen. Several persons reported as missing have been found.

Twin Cities' Population.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The census office has made public the census returns for St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn. The population of St. Paul is 163,632, an increase over 1890 of 39,476, or 22.89 per cent. The population of Minneapolis is 202,718, an increase over 1890 of 37,980, or 23.05 per cent.

A Doubly Fatal Crash.

Tazewell, Va., Aug. 22.—A wreck at Maxwell, on the Norfolk & Western, resulted in the death of two men and the wounding of seven others yesterday. The dead are: Engineer W. O. Allen and Fireman M. B. Marshall.

EACH MAN A HERO.

Capt. McCalla Reports on the Seymore Expedition.

First Effort to Relieve Legations Was Composed of Marines of Eight Nationalities—Fighting Was Continuous and of the Most Desperate Character.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The navy department has made public the report of Capt. McCalla, who was in command of the American contingent of the international column under Admiral Seymour that, on June 10, made the first move in the relief of Pekin, but which was cut off by the Chinese troops on the road and forced to turn back from Yangtsun, being in danger of complete annihilation before coming in touch with the reinforcements sent out to meet them from Tien Tsin.

The force of which Capt. McCalla's command was a part was made up of eight nationalities, British, Russian, German, Austrian, Italian, Japanese, French and American marines and blue jackets. Its aggregate strength was 2,078 officers and men, of which one-half were the Newark's men. These forces were all acting with nominal independence, but were tacitly under the command of Admiral Seymour and operated as one body.

It is interesting to note Capt. McCalla's description of how the various commands co-operated, how the British and Russians in turn helped to shift the Newark's three-inch rifle from one position to another when the American gun's crew was inadequat to transport it; how the Americans led the advance up the railway and protected the rear in the retreat, and how, during the repeated attacks of the Chinese on the Tien Tsin arsenal, British, Russians and Americans in turn would spring into the breach to defend the hard-pressed outposts of some other nationality that was bearing the brunt of the attack. The co-operation of the entire force seems to have been perfect, and Capt. McCalla has nothing but the warmest praise both for Admiral Seymour and all the other officers who participated in the expedition.

The start of the international column for Pekin was inaugurated after the receipt of urgent messages from both the British and American legations in Pekin. The allied force was furnished with railroad transportation by the Chinese authorities in Tien Tsin. A start was made on June 10 and from that time on the advance was made under constantly increasing difficulties. Whole sections of track were torn up, bridges and culverts were found wrecked, stations burned, and pumping appliances at the water tanks were destroyed. The first attacks on the column were by parties of Boxers, but these soon were joined by regular Chinese troops, and the little column had to fight its way forward, repairing the track almost rail by rail with flanking parties out to protect the construction train, while other detachments foraged the surrounding country for supplies.

The advance continued up to the 19th and was met by two messengers at different times bearing urgent requests from the besieged legationers for relief. Capt. McCalla and his marines finally were put in charge of the construction train by Admiral Seymour's direction, and the work pushed as far as the city of Yangtsun. From this point the railroad was so badly crippled that evidently it was impracticable to advance further by train, and the international column scoured the country for horses and carts, hoping to make a forced march to Pekin by road. The resistance encountered at Lang Fang amounted to a pitched battle and resulted in the killing of seven and wounding of 40 of the allied forces. That 400 Chinese were killed in this engagement was little consolation to the allies, since, with a large number of wounded on their hands, and the constantly increasing force of Chinese, in both front and rear, it was evidently impossible to make the forced march as contemplated. The news from the direction of Tien Tsin showed that the railroad had been destroyed in their rear and after a meeting of the commanders, it was decided that a retreat must be made by way of the river.

Fortunately, at this point a German force from the column captured four large junks, while Ensign Wurtzbaugh and Cadet Courtney, with parties of the Newark's men, gathered in four large sampans. This little flotilla was distributed among the allied forces and the whole column embarked on the 19th for the return to Tien Tsin. The sailors from the modern warships at first made slow work of navigating these unwieldy Oriental craft, but they made fair progress. The retreat was slow, however.

The resistance to the party increased steadily on the trip down the river until they came in the vicinity of the Chinese arsenal, where the little column cleared out the Chinese occupying the walled enclosure, and took shelter in positions that the Chinese had evacuated. Here the American gun was mounted on a parapet, a commanding road leading into the arsenal, and an all-day fight occurred. Three of the Newark's men were killed and 13 wounded, while the percentage of loss among the British and Germans was about the same. It was here that the commander of the Kaiserin Augusta was killed while directing the defense from the western rampart.

Fee Paints a Gloomy Picture.

New York, Aug. 24.—The committee on India famine relief received a cablegram Thursday from William E. Fee, United States consul at Bombay, chairman of the relief committee, which reads: "Conditions in famine districts are appalling. Thousands will die of starvation unless rescued. Money is needed to buy both food and blankets. The suffering from lack of clothing is terrible. Cholera still active. The condition of destitute women and deserted children is especially pitiable. Many boys and girls are in heart-rending need."

The Boxers of China

are attempting to solve a gigantic problem, but they are going about it in the wrong way and will never succeed. Some people, in this country, seem to think that they have as great a puzzle on their hands in selecting a location for a home. They will certainly go about it in the wrong way unless they inspect the beautiful farming country on the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in Marinette county, Wisconsin, where the crops are of the best, work plenty, fine markets, excellent climate, pure, soft water; land sold cheap and on long time. Why rent a farm when you can buy one for less than you pay for rent? Address C. E. Rollins, Land Agent, 161 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

Another Chinese Outbreak.

"Yes," the witness declared, "I could give further evidence against the prisoner, but, as Kipling says, "that's another—"

"Never mind what Kip Ling says," interrupted the magistrate; "the Chinee can testify fur himself when his turn comes."—New Jersey Law Journal.

Every Boy and Girl

should learn to write with Carter's Ink, because it is the best in the world. "Inklings in Ink," free. Carter's Ink Co., Boston.

Speak Out.

As a rule the person who says he has no choice about the spring chicken never looks thoroughly satisfied with the piece he gets. —Indianapolis Journal.

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS' -HEIRS-

Heirs of Union Soldiers who made homesteads of less than 160 acres before June 22, 1874 (no matter if abandoned), if the additional homestead right was not sold or used, should address, with full particulars, HENRY N. COPP, Washington, D. C.

Free Dessert.

All grocers in town are giving free a package of Burnham's Cream Custard, which makes two quarts of Ice Cream or ten cups of Custard, no cooking or baking; with the purchase of a package of Burnham's Hasty Jellycon, the finest prepared Jelly Powder. Order to-day. Jellycon comes in six delicious flavors.

ROOFING 1 Cent a Square Ft. Including caps and nails. The BEST Red Rope Roofing. SAMPLES FREE. THE FAY MANILLA ROOFING CO., Camden, N. J.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 85 S. California Ave., Chicago.

A. N. K.—C 1827

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

FALLING HAIR

Save Your Hair with Shampoos of Cuticura SOAP

And light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of Women

Use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing, red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

All that has been said of CUTICURA SOAP may be said with even greater emphasis of CUTICURA Ointment, the most delicate, and yet most effective of emollients, and greatest of skin cures. Its use in connection with CUTICURA SOAP (as per directions around each package), in the "ONE NIGHT CURE FOR SORE HANDS," in the "INSTANT RELIEF TREATMENT FOR DISFIGURING ITCHINGS AND IRRITATIONS," and in many uses too numerous to mention, is sufficient to prove its superiority over all other preparations for the skin.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. **The Set, $1.25** A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

FAILURES ARE FEWER

Less Business Wreckage Under McKinley Than in 18 Years.

Calamity Howlers Struck Dumb by General Prosperity's Remarkable Exhibit—Disastrous Effect of Democracy and Free Trade.

The real prosperity of a country is always judged by the number of failures among its business men. It is an astonishing tribute to the second state of our finances and prosperous commercial condition when Bradstreet's mercantile agency reports for the first six months of the calendar year, 1900, the smallest number of failures noted for 18 years past. This is a showing for McKinley prosperity that must strike the calamity howlers dumb.

The records of the mercantile agency show that for the first six months of 1892 the business failures of the country were 5,351, with liabilities of $56,535,521. In November of that year the democratic party was voted into power and in March, 1893, took charge of the country's finances. The first six months of that year showed failures of 6,239 in number, with liabilities of over $70,000,000. All through the democratic free trade Wilson bill administration the number of ailures steadily increased, until the first six months of 1896, when they reached the high water mark, viz., 7,602, with liabilities of $105,535,936. In November of that year McKinley prosperity was voted in, and the number of failures steadily declined, until the first six months of 1900 show only 4,80 failures, with liabilities of $60,064,208, the smallest number reported for 18 years.

In the following tables we compare the first six months of 1896, the last year of the last democratic administration, with the first six months of 1900, the last year of President McKinley's present administration. This evidently is fair, as it shows the results of nearly four years of both policies on the business affairs of the country. These tables are worthy of the careful consideration of the free traders and free silver calamity howlers, as well as of those who believe in the prosperity and protection of a republican administration. Thus:

Eastern States.	Number of Failures for Six Months. 1896.	1900.
Maine	140	88
New Hampshire	73	55
Vermont	37	55
Massachusetts	550	756
Rhode Island	42	46
Connecticut	125	104
Total, eastern states	968	1,084
MIDDLE STATES.		
New York	1,059	857
New Jersey	110	102
Pennsylvania	673	428
Delaware	10	11
Total, middle states	1,852	1,269
WESTERN STATES.		
Ohio	406	180
Indiana	155	57
Illinois	412	219
Missouri	339	197
Michigan	173	56
Kansas	387	164
Kentucky	152	78
Colorado	11	36
Total, western states	2,026	987
NORTHWESTERN STATES.		
Wisconsin	184	70
Minnesota	197	79
Iowa	178	113
Nebraska	125	40
South Dakota	24	28
North Dakota	6	4
Montana	25	13
Wyoming	3	6
Total, northwest'n states	742	353
SOUTHERN STATES.		
Maryland	75	38
Virginia	134	35
West Virginia	21	24
North Carolina	39	37
South Carolina	24	17
Georgia	101	64
Florida	24	16
Alabama	45	35
Mississippi	69	31
Louisiana	107	47
Texas	335	124
Tennessee	80	70
Arkansas	68	53
District of Columbia	28	8
Total, southern states	1,161	599
PACIFIC STATES.		
California	515	257
Oregon	38	53
Nevada	...	3
Utah	45	30
Washington	104	33
Idaho	12	6
Total, Pacific states	764	382
TERRITORIES.		
Arizona	12	2
Indian Territory	19	38
New Mexico	21	2
Alaska	1	...
Oklahoma	36	34
Totals	89	76

SUMMARY OF THE ABOVE.

	Number of Failures for Six Months. 1896.	1900
Eastern states	968	1,084
Middle states	1,852	1,308
Western states	2,026	987
Northwestern states	742	353
Southern states	1,161	599
Pacific states	764	382
Territories	89	77
Total—United States	7,602	4,880

The liabilities of those failing for the first six months of the two years compared are as follows:

	1896.	1900.
Eastern states	$11,233,158	$13,898,618
Middle states	33,320,605	29,704,398
Western states	20,342,383	6,435,335
Northwestern states	10,567,612	3,409,502
Southern states	13,847,302	4,001,299
Pacific states	5,651,076	2,402,600
Territories	563,890	211,866
Totals	$105,535,936	$60,064,208

It will be noted that the liabilities of those failing in the middle states in the first six months of 1900 were $3,616,207 less than they were in 1896. In the western states they were $23,907,048 less. In the northwestern states they were $7,158,110 less. In the southern states they were $9,846,103 less. In the Pacific states they were $3,248,476 less. In the territories they were $351,934 less, a grand total of $45,471,728 less than in 1896.

Only in the eastern states, where the hated "aggregation of wealth," as the democrats term it, is supposed to exist, were there more failures this year than in 1896.

☞If Adlai Stevenson were only let alone a short while he would soon get lost again, as he is one of the most easily forgotten men in the country.—San Francisco Chronicle.

THE THIRD PARTY LEAD.

No one in the world who of wisdom takes heed,
Will encourage or follow the third party lead.
Every man in the land has a duty to do;
He knows that the choice will be one of the two—
McKinley or Bryan; his duty is first
To make up his mind which is best—or which worst—
Then vote as he thinks; it's a silly child's play,
In a contest like this to throw ballots away.
Lack of sense, too much "culchah," too much self-conceit—
One of these is the cause, and sometimes they meet.
If you think both are evil, you ought to select
The one which is least; you can't always expect
To have choice of the best; but the world will advance,
When the best thing available is given a chance.
Did there any real question of "Empire" exist,
As the antis so loudly and falsely insist,
None truly can urge the least shade of pretense
That it cannot be settled, say, three years from hence,
Just as well as to-day; but you've got to expect
From Bryan's election an instant effect;
The result to our finances must be delayed,
A fact that the antis don't seem to have weighed;
They've lost all perspective, all power to judge
Of existing relations: The Empire; what fudge!
When an enemy's pressing you sharply in front,
Good sense and good discipline certainly won't
Let you fire in the air, because, haply, you fear
You may be attacked later on in the rear.
When a man gets one subject lodged fast in his brain,
And turns it, and talks it, again and again,
He soon will be smelling the time-honored ranks.
Of unbearable bores, and fanatical cranks.
Bryan's high up in both, with his 16 to 1,
And the antis will join him before they have done;
Furthermore, there are some, much too good for this earth,
Unequaled in wisdom, supernal in worth,
Who on their own virtues so constantly dote,
That they think they're too too so, to cast any vote;
Their feet move around on the earth with the crowd,
But their heads are concealed in a sanctified cloud.
They are few, and the masses from humbug exempt,
Can't fail to regard them with honest contempt.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

☞It is stated that Senator Hanna is a wonderfully hard worker. This assertion is no news to Mr. Bryan and his campaign associates. — Washington Star.

☞Bryan missed his calling. He should have been a foreign missionary. His warm feeling for the inhabitants of other lands even makes him oblivious to the outrages perpetrated against our citizens in the south.—Toledo Bade.

☞When a reporter for the Indianapolis Press asked Bryan to say something about his farm the other day the candidate replied: "I must decline to do so. That farm has already got a great deal more advertising than is paid for."

☞A Bryan paper claims to have taken a straw vote among 4,376 men crossing the Brooklyn bridge, and its figures indicate that McKinley will carry Greater New York by 27,000, instead of 61,000, as in 1896. A republican majority of any size in New York city is a good enough straw for the rest of the country.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The record of Bryan's own state is against him as a calamity howler and prophet. In 1897 Nebraskans paid off $19,000,000 of mortgages; in 1898, $49,000,000, and last year $78,000,000, a total of $146,000,000 during the three years of prosperity which the administration of McKinley gave to their state in common with the rest of the country.—San Francisco Chronicle.

☞The determination of Hill to permit Croker to assume full responsibility for the state ticket may be regarded as a significant admission that the democrats have no hope of carrying New York this fall. The boss brigand of municipal highwaymen is in the saddle in New York. It means an overwhelming plurality for McKinley and Roosevelt in that state. — Chicago Times-Herald.

☞The caterwaulings, spittings and struggles of the tantamount and the paramount in the back yards and upon the shed roofs of populism, free silver republicans and bewildered democrats during the next four months will be as entertaining as a cat fight. They will decide whether that which was tantamount shall find its paramount in anti-imperialism. Free silver was equal to all else. Then how can anti-imperialism be its paramount in the same platform?—J. Sterling Morton's Conservative.

☞The Kansas City Star (independent) says that "it would appear that Mr. Bryan has, under stubborn protest and after much hesitation, consented to give imperialism the position of paramount issue in the democratic campaign." The Star doubts if Mr. Bryan will gain anything by this, since "the monarchy proposition is too fantastic to cut any figure even with the most ignorant voters in the country." The opinion of the Star is that of every newspaper that is not a Bryan organ.—Indianapolis Journal.

"EXPANSION."

Pensions' High-Water Mark.

The last year of the Harrison administration there were paid out for pensions—fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, $156,806,537.94. In June, 1893, under the Cleveland administration, a board of review was created — the action of the previous administration was reviewed, thousands of cases were reduced and dropped, so that for the year 1894, the first year of that administration, there was paid for pensions only $139,986,626.17—or a reduction of $16,819,911.87. In 1895, dropped by board of revision, 6,428; reduced by board of revision, 20,009.

Prosperity in Kansas.

They appear to be writing prosperity in Kansas with a great big P, as the following official figures show.

The deposits in Kansas state banks for the following dates, to-wit, were:

October 13, 1891	$15,773,438 82
September 1, 1892	20,143,884 02
October 3, 1893	15,199,999 65
July 18, 1894	16,755,869 69
December 24, 1895	16,210,789 18
December 19, 1896	14,563,533 61
December 24, 1897	22,149,265 08
December 31, 1898	22,628,269 47
December 2, 1899	26,044,086 38
June 30, 1900	33,595,101 00

Education and Prosperity.

Never before was there such a flood of students at our colleges as in 1899. The reason for this is plain. The fathers of the land are prosperous and have resolved to give their children the best education possible. Moreover, many young men who have been compelled to work for a living are now able from their savings to pay for an education.

Buying Luxuries.

It is only the well-to-do that can buy luxuries, so when we see the figures showing the enormous increase in the sales of diamonds, carriages, pianos, carpets and fine foreign bonnets and millinery in the last four years, it shows that the people are prosperous as they never were before.

A Question for Bryan.

Will Mr. Bryan order the withdrawal of the American troops from the Philippine islands immediately on becoming president if he is elected? That is a fair question, which calls for a frank and manly answer. He says he is against imposing government on people. Does he mean it or is he only using a catch phrase to get votes? If he means it, then it must be that he will instantly withdraw our troops and give the Filipinos a free chance to set up such government as they desire and murder such foreigners as they please; for if our exercise of authority there is an outrage and our occupation so wicked as to have justified Aguinaldo's attack on our troops while they were maintaining order in Manila before the conclusion of the war with Spain, then the quicker we leave the better. In deciding intelligently between the parties it is essential to know what the first steps of either would be. Let Mr. Bryan tell the people squarely what he would do. Would he immediately withdraw the troops?—N. Y. Tribune.

STEWART FLOPS.

A Nevada Senator Deserts the Bryan Ranks.

In a Letter to the Public This Leading Advocate of Free Silver Gives His Reasons for Returning to the Republican Fold After Long Absence.

New York, Aug. 21.—Senator William M. Stewart, of Nevada, called at republican headquarters Monday and said he had decided to vote for President McKinley. He made a statement in part as follows:

"The United States went to war with Spain urged on by the democratic party. The popularity of the war was such that Mr. Bryan joined the army. The war was successful, a treaty of peace was entered into whereby the United States agreed to pay $20,000,000 and accept the sovereignty and public property of Spain in the Philippine archipelago. There was opposition to the ratification of the treaty. Mr. Bryan came to Washington and persuaded his democratic friends to vote for the treaty and it was through his influence that the treaty was finally ratified.

"It then became the duty of the United States to maintain law and order and protect the lives and property of all residents in the islands, whether native or foreign born. The United States at the time of the ratification of the treaty held military possession of Manila and immediately after such ratification assumed the sovereignty of the islands. The people of the United States, and particularly of the Pacific coast, became entitled to the vast commerce of the Pacific ocean, of which the Philippines furnish the key.

"One Aguinaldo had raised a rebellion in Luzon against Spain before the commencement of the Spanish war with the United States. This adventurer had sold out or settled his rebellion with Spain for $400,000 before Dewey set sail for Manila, and as a part of the bargain with Spain, Aguinaldo agreed to leave the islands and never return.

"Dewey took the wily agitator back to the islands, supposing that Aguinaldo would naturally be an enemy of Spain and a friend of the United States. In this Admiral Dewey was mistaken. Aguinaldo, as soon as he landed on his native soil, organized a rebellion against the United States, which would have been of little consequence if he had not been able to obtain comfort and aid in this country.

"An organization was formed in the United States called the Anti-Imperialist league, which has for the last two years co-operated with Aguinaldo's junta, with headquarters at Hong Kong, to supply literature and materials of war for Aguinaldo. President McKinley had no authority to buy out Aguinaldo's rebellion against the United States, but was bound by the treaty (which was the supreme law of the land) to maintain law and order and protect life and property in the islands.

"It required a large army and the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars to put down Aguinaldo's rebellion. The assistance and the encouragement he received from the Anti-Imperialist league and the enemies of the United States, both at home and abroad, made his barbarous and irregular war bloody and expensive. Congress, however, made all necessary appropriations, providing the executive with men and money to maintain the authority of the United States in the Philippines. The so-called anti-imperialists declared that the policy pursued by the government to put down the rebellion and maintain law and order in all territories of the United States, without regard to the time when such territories were acquired, was 'imperialism' and that any use of the army to maintain law and order—however necessary—was 'militarism,' and that giving aid and comfort to rebels in arms against the United States was 'maintaining the principles of the Declaration of Independence.'

"Mr. Bryan's unparalleled campaign for the principles of the Chicago platform and his insistence upon the adoption of that platform at Kansas City, induced the people to suppose the campaign of 1900 would be conducted on the issues of 1896. In this it seems they were mistaken."

Senator Stewart then quotes Mr. Bryan's declaration of his intention, if elected, to call an extraordinary session of congress to give the Philippines freedom upon the same terms as Cuba. He also denounces the recent convention of anti-imperialists at Indianapolis. He also denounces Mr. Bryan for promising to attempt to "extend the Monroe doctrine to the Orient."

An Unique Lawsuit.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Sol Bloom, a music publisher, has brought suit for $50,000 damages against the Union restaurant and hotel in Randolph street for refusing to serve him while he was clad in a shirt waist and minus a coat. This is said to be the first time the shirt waist question has been brought before a court. Attorneys for plaintiff contend that the defendant had no right to refuse to serve Bloom merely because he wore the latest style in men's garments. The management of the restaurant said that patrons wearing shirt waists would only be served at tables adjoining the main dining room.

Killed His Wife and Children.

Arlington, Minn., Aug. 21.—Theodore Wallart, a farmer living three miles from town, on Sunday night killed his wife, a boy of 19 years, a girl of 16 and a baby. He then set fire to his barn, destroying the stable with nine horses, a corn crib and a hay barn. Mrs. Wallart had been trying to secure a divorce, the couple having separated. Wallart entered the house through a window and slaughtered the family with the exception of one child, a boy, who was wounded, however, and probably will die. Wallart fled.

LEFT THE CAPITAL.

Highest Officials of China Abandon Pekin.

Flags of the Allies Float Over the Imperial Palace—President McKinley Rejects Earl Li's Peace Proposals.

Pekin, Aug. 14, via Che Foo, Aug. 22.—The American and Russian flags were planted on the east wall of Pekin at 11 o'clock this morning. The Indian troops entered the British legation at 1 o'clock and the Americans at 3. There was a joyful reception from the wall.

The emaciated tenants could have lasted but little longer. They had only three days' rations. The Chinese had been attacking furiously for two days. Four thousand shells fell in the legation during the siege. Sixty-five people were killed and 160 wounded.

The generals, alarmed at the sounds of a heavy attack on the legations, pushed forward independently, the British, Americans and French on the left of the river and the Russians and Japanese on the right. Beginning at 2 o'clock this morning, the Japanese diverted the brunt of resistance to the northern city, their artillery engaging the Chinese heavily there. The Americans and British met with but little resistance until they entered the city, where there was street fighting. Reiley's battery attempted to breach the inner wall.

Company E, Fourteenth United States infantry, planted its flag on the outer wall, Musician Titus scaling the wall with a rope, by means of which the others climbed to the top.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The cabinet session yesterday practically opened the consideration of the questions growing out of the capture of Pekin and the war in China. Until recently the absorbing question has been the safety of Minister Conger and the legationers at Pekin. Now, however, that has given place to problems of a more intricate and far-reaching character, touching the very existence of the Chinese empire and the part which the American government is to take in the reconstruction of that country.

The meeting Tuesday was devoted entirely to the Chinese situation. Several questions were awaiting attention.

First of these was the application of Li Hung Chang for the appointment of Minister Conger or some other commissioner to negotiate for the cessation of hostilities. The decision arrived at was to reject the appeal, and a reply of this character will be sent to Minister Wu to be forwarded to Li Hung Chang.

London, Aug. 22.—In the news that reaches London this morning direct from China there is nothing to confirm the report that the empress dowager has been run to earth. The foreign envoys, according to the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, are proceeding to Tien Tsin.

"The flags of the allies," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail, wiring yesterday, "are now floating over the imperial palace. Street fighting, however, continues. Considerable assistance in the capture of Pekin was rendered by 4,000 armed native Christians. The legations were enabled to hold out by purchasing ammunition from the Chinese."

Washington, Aug. 23.—The most important development of Wednesday as to the actual conditions in Pekin came late in the afternoon when the state department made public a dispatch from Minister Conger dated at Pekin on the 19th. It is as follows:

"The entire city with the exception of the palace is occupied by Japanese, Russian, British, American and French troops. It is being apportioned into districts for police supervision. The Chinese army fled. The imperial family and the court have gone westward, probably to Sianfu, in the province of Shensi. No representatives of the Chinese government are in sight in Pekin and the conditions are chaotic. The palace is expected to be taken immediately. Many missionaries have started for home, while others remain in charge of the Christian refugees, numbering about 1,000."

London, Aug. 23.—"To-day 1,500 Americans attacked the imperial palace," says a dispatch to the Morning Post from Pekin, dated August 15, 'and captured four of the courts. The American flag is flying over the imperial granary and the imperial bank has been looted."

Washington, Aug. 24.—The important development in the Chinese situation Thursday was the decision of the government not to send any more troops to China. All the troops now at sea, amounting to about 4,000, together with those under orders for service in the far east which have not sailed, amounting to about 3,000 more, will be sent to Manila.

Seymour Praises American Troops.

London, Aug. 22.—The Daily Express prints a letter, said to have been written by Admiral Seymour, in which he defends his action in advancing to the relief of the legationers when he did, saying: "Two or three times our prospects were very dark and disaster seemed probable." Referring to the difficulties of controlling mixed troops and to their characteristics, he says: "The Germans we admired most; bat for dash and go none surpassed or perhaps equalled the Americans."

A Political Riot in Porto Rico.

San Juan, Aug. 18.—Thursday at Mayaguez, a crowd of federals and republicans got together and, after heated political disputes, 30 revolver shots were exchanged and clubs and other weapons freely used. One man was killed and a dozen others were injured, two fatally. For some weeks violent political discussions have been frequent there; and recently the republicans attempted to hold a mass meeting in a ward controlled by federals. It was this that led to Thursday's collision. Other encounters are feared.

EXCITING INCIDENT.

Pickpockets Followed Bryan from Topeka.

WERE SOON DETECTED.

One was Arrested and Held by a Nebraska Sheriff.

MADE A DASH FOR LIBERTY

Just After the Candidate's Train Had Pulled Out of a Nebraska Town the Thief Broke Away from His Captor and Escaped.

Beatrice, Neb., Aug. 25.—An exciting incident marked Mr. Bryan's first stop in his own state yesterday, upon his return from the Topeka notification meeting. This incident was the detection of a pickpocket in the active pursuit of his avocation by Mr. Bryan, a lively chase through the cars for the thief and his capture and subsequent escape. The incident occurred at the village of Barneston, on the Union Pacific railroad. A dense crowd had gathered to bid Mr. Bryan welcome. As the train slowed up Mr. Bryan appeared on the platform of the last car. He was shaking hands with the people when there was a suspicious movement in the center of the assemblage.

"Look out for those pickpockets," shouted the democratic leader, remembering their movements from his experience with this class four years ago. He had not pointed out any particular person, but three or four men started immediately to move rapidly through the crowd. The movement excited the attention of people in the crowd and also those on the train and everybody gave chase. They, however, devoted their especial attention to one individual, a tall young man, who easily distanced his pursuers. He jumped upon the train, but as he did so he fell into the arms of Sheriff Waddington.

The man protested his innocence, but the sheriff took him into custody and as the train pulled out he walked him into the car immediately forward. The train was getting under fair headway when the prisoner, with the alertness of a wild deer, turned and, rushing by his custodian, dashed down the crowded aisle of the car, through the doorway and upon the car platform. Without an instant's hesitation he jumped, alighted upon his feet and was off with the swiftness of a trained athlete.

Before the train could be stopped the culprit was seen running swiftly across a plowed field fully half a mile distant. He soon disappeared in a patch of high Indian corn. The occurrence engaged the attention of all the passengers and the fact was brought out that there was a number of the men on the train who had got on at Topeka and whose actions had aroused the suspicion of the train officials. There had been some thefts in the crowd at Topeka, a newspaper man in Mr. Bryan's party having been among the victims. This fact was connected with the presence of the men and they were under suspicion before the Barneston incident occurred.

The fact was also remembered that when the train had stopped at Barneston the men under suspicion had jumped from the train to mingle with the crowd, yelling loudly for Bryan as they went. When the train slowed up a few miles further on, before crossing a bridge another member of the suspected party jumped off the train and disappeared in a grove. When the train reached Beatrice the members of the party under suspicion were detained. There eight or ten men thus held and they made no resistance.

Mr. Bryan arrived at Beatrice from Manhattan in the afternoon and afterwards delivered a speech to the people of this vicinity. He was greeted by considerable gatherings upon his journey. At Randolph he made a five-minute speech in which he compared the republican party to an association of athletes trained to turn somersaults in concert whenever the leaders say "flop."

Peck Draws a Life Sentence.

Akron, O., Aug. 25.—Louis Peck, the colored man whose crime is responsible for the rioting in Akron Wednesday night, was rushed to Akron from Cleveland Friday afternoon, tried before Judge Nye, of Elyria, and a special grand jury, convicted of the crime with which he was charged, and sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Within five minutes after his trial and conviction, Peck was speeding on his way to the Columbus penitentiary on a C., A. & C. train, in the custody of Sheriff Kelly and others.

Preparing for a Political Blowout.

New York, Aug. 25.—The executive committee of Tammany Hall last night arranged for the reception of W. J. Bryan, October 16. A committee was formed for the purpose. Richard Croker is a member of the committee. Mr. Croker urged that the Bryan meeting should be in the nature of a ratification and suggested that it take in all trades, as well as all lines of business.

Found an Ancient Statue.

Athens, Aug. 25.—A magnificent marble statue of Apollo, life size, has been discovered in this vicinity. Its workmanship is of the fifth century B. C. and it is believed to be the first in existence. Archaeologists are delighted at this important discovery.

First Time in Two Years.

Santiago, Cuba, Aug. 25.—It is indicative of the policy of the United States government that the Cuban flag will be hoisted to-day over the palace in Santiago. It will float there for the first time since Gen. Shafter ordered it hauled down in 1898.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

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No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

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The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

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For President.
WILLIAM McKINLEY, of Ohio.
For Vice President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT, of New York.
For Auditor General,
EDMUND B. HARDENBERGH, of Wayne.
Congress-at-Large,
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquahanna.
ROBERT H. FOERDERER, of Philadelphia.
Congress,
JOSEPH C. SIBLEY, of Venango.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

B. W. GREEN, Esq., Chairman.
A. C. BLUM, Esq., Secretary.

NAMES OF COUNTY COMMITTEE.

EAST WARD—A. C. BLUM; MIDDLE WARD—HARRY HEMPHILL; WEST WARD—HENRY AUCHU; DRIFTWOOD—S. G. McELWAIN; SHIPPEN—W. L. THOMAS; LUMBER—FRANK B. HOAG, Sterling Run; GROVE—H. H. ALDERFER, Sinnamahoning; PORTAGE—JOHN WYGANT, Sizerville; GIBSON—D. S. LOGUE, Driftwood.

NAMES OF VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

E. WARD—E. C. DAVISON, C. M. THOMAS; M. WARD—M. M. LARRABEE, ED. McNEARNEY; W. WARD—FREDA. HILL, T. F. MOORE; DRIFTWOOD—V. K. CORBETT, WALTER YOTHERS; SHIPPEN—B. L. SPENCE, FRANK LOCKWOOD; LUMBER CHAS. NORTON, ED. LANIGER, both at Cameron; GROVE—JOHN A. WYKOFF, J. L. LOSEY, Sinnamahoning; PORTAGE—GEO. EDWARDS, W. R. SIZER, Sizerville; GIBSON—JOHN B. WYKOFF, Sinnamahoning; CHAS. W. WILLIAMS, Driftwood.

The Bradford Star, speaking of Mr. Sibley's talk in that city before the Republican County Committee, says: "Mr. Sibley, in his honest and straightforward talk before the Republican County Committee in this city yesterday, planted himself squarely and unreservedly upon the solid rock of Republicanism as defined and demonstrated by Lincoln and McKinley. Genuine Republican principles are like pure air and healthful surroundings. They not only attract the wayfaring man, but in the appropriation of them inspiration and strength are imparted. Mr. Sibley's opponent is a political non de script. On the ship subsidy question he is against Bryan and the Democrats, yet on the 16 to 1 financial scheme, the n. d. s. comes out squarely and says if Bryan is elected he will support the administration on the money question. His platform was planned to be cut on the bias to suit both parties, but it is a horrible misfit all 'round. It is a vote-looser. The non-de script candidate is trying to be a gold and silver Democrat, Populist, Republican and Independent at the same time. His energies are hampered by his apologies and his apologies are rendered valuless by his eratic and inconsistent energies. Mr. Sibley is nothing if not a Republican. His opponent is anything and everything but a Republican."

What Labor Might Say.

Referring to the proposed talk of President McKinley and Governor Roosevelt to workingmen in Chicago on Labor Day, an opposition paper asks: "What will labor say?" We do not know what labor will say, but we know what it might say. It would be something like this: "Do not spend much time in speaking, for it is not necessary. We could hardly find the time to come out to-day, for we are all at work, at better wages than ever before, and, this year, we who have been called upon to divide with the unemployed. The prospects were never so fair. If all wealth comes from labor, then never before was wealth accumulating so rapidly as it is right now, for never before was so vast an army of peace assaulting the strong-holds of want or building such majestic fortunes to plenty. —Salt Lake "Tribune."

SIBLEY'S TALK

Before the McKean County Republican Committee---Why he Deserted the Democratic Party.

We take the following report of Mr. Sibley's remarks before the McKean County Republican Committee, at Bradford, from the Era:

Mr. Sibley stated that he did not intend to make a speech to the committee; it was merely a talk. He had learned that a meeting was to be held in Bradford and he had stopped off on his way home from Lake Champlain, where for two months he had been enjoying a vacation. During that time he had seen no Pennsylvania papers and had no idea as to what they had been saying about him.

Mr. Sibley stated that he had no apologies to offer because of his candidacy. He had changed his mind on certain important political questions, because of the changed conditions which have come with the times. The prevalent prosperty had convinced him that the Republican party's methods are the best for the country, and therefore he is in line with that party's platform. "Since 1896," said Mr. Sibley, "$1,000,000,000 have been added to the gold moneys of the world, and the prices of all commodities have been rising and rising. And now the question of low prices is settled and for the next 25 years I look for the brightest prosperity to continue. The farmer, who for years has been crawling along through the slough of despond, is climbing on to firm and solid ground, and at last sees the star of hope shining through the clouds that have so long hung over him.

"Now then, is it for me to make any apology for affiliating with a party which has proved beyond question that it was right? I'd rather see any party with which I was affiliated sink into oblivion than to see the American people go there. I believed in free silver. In 1896 I stood up and honestly and openly advocated the measure. because we did not have enough gold in the country to do the business. Now we have money enough and we will have more and more. To-day we have three times as much gold in the country as we had then, and do you know what that means to you and me? It means the employment of three times as many men, three times as wide a field of endeavor. Do you think I will stand up for these conditions? Or will I stick to party? James Hill, of the Great Northern railway, is building on the Pacific coast two steamships, each of twice the carrying capacity of the Lucania. These ships will be used to help supply the Oriental demand for our products. It will require a trainload of wheat, six miles long, to fill one of these boats. The Orientals are beginning to eat our wheat and we are going to sell it to them. Now, should I second the President in his endeavors to open the door of the East to our products, or shall we stick to the ideas of some old dead and gone fossils and refuse to progress because it is un-Democratic?

"Now, gentlemen, I have represented your district in Congress. I may have made some mistakes—that is something to which we are all liable—but if you can find one man that can say I ever told him a lie, I'll withdraw. If in the progress of this campaign, you will find one dollar that will go into Sibley's pocket, without my having given 100 cents in exchange for it, I'll pull out as unworthy to represent honest people. I have been called a 'traitor.' Well, when I saw national prosperity and happiness on one side, and saw men putting blocks under the wheels of progress on the other, it didn't take me long to decide upon which side to stand."

Mr. Sibley told how he had met Mr. Emery the day before, and stated that the meeting had been very cordial and candid. Mr. Sibley said that he believed he would win the contest in this congressional district.

"I have been reading Mr. Emery's platform," said the speaker, "and I am glad to see that he is in favor of a ship subsidy bill, but in that he is against Mr. Bryan and the whole Democratic party. The Emery platform is a funny one, however, particularly the financial plank. There all kinds of planks in that platform, so it ought to be a good one. If Mr. Emery is elected, he will find himself in a most anomolous position. He isn't with the Republicans and he isn't with the Democrats. Moreover it will take him two years to get his bearings. It took me a long time to learn the entrances and exits to and from the White House, the Capitol and the other buildings. And so I say if you elect Mr. Emery this time, elect him again and send him back the third time. Then ho can do you some good. If, however, you want to send me, I will represent you to the best of my ability.

The Republican Party is for Sibley.

It is useless for the enemies of the Republican party to pretend that there is any considerable opposition in this district to the election of the Franklin citizeu, because such is not the case. When Mr. Sibley asked to be sent to Congress from this district upon the Democratic ticket the Republicans did their best to defeat him and succeeded twice out of three times. It was a bitter contest that was waged upon every occasion and the Republicans left no effort to defeat him go by default. Mr. Sibley is naturally a Republican and whatever may have been his faults during the past two years he has shown that manly, sturdy independence that invariable wins the admiration and confidence of the masses of people at times and under all circumstances.

Who that does not know Sibley to have the courage of his convictions?

Who has ever attempted to dispute that Sibley was of all things else a lover of fair play and a defender of the best things in the country as he saw them? Who ever knew him to refuse his influence or his help to any and every good cause. Sibley is a man big enough to see a mistake if he has made one and admit it. Sibley believes national honor to be high and far above all other things and he has been one of the most ardent and loyal defenders of President McKinley during the past two years. He has not been undecided or wavering in his support, but he has been open, brave and frank at all times.

The people of this district have kept a close watch upon him and in an open contest they declared their faith in him and have said that they desire to send him back to congress, and have placed him upon the regular Republican ticket. In opposition to him is a candidate who does not care to state where he stands. He is the candidate of free silver at 16 to 1. He is a candidate of the anti-imperalists. He did everything in his power to defeat two of the regularly nominated candidates upon the Republican ticket for governor. He is the candidate at the present time of anything and everything that is anti-Republican and being so why should any Republican in this district be in favor of such a man as against one who had the courage to stand up in the halls of Congress and defend eloquently and successfully the action of the Republican president.

The Repblicans of this district have neither the desire or the intention of placing a straw in the pathway of Mr. Sibley. He is in the correct path now, and if there is anything Erie and Crawford county Republicans can do to aid in the success of Mr. Sibley they are going to do it.—Erie Times.

When Business is Disturbed.

It has come to be common to talk about the disturbance to business which is caused by the prospect of a Presidential election. Is there a single business interest in the country which would suffer in the slightest degree, is there a single business man who would have one moment of anxiety about his business and its continued prosperity if it were settled beyond the preadventure of a doubt that William McKinley is to be President of the United States for the next four years, and that our present national policy is to be continued? We venture to say that not one such could be found, unless he should be a pawnbroker or a dealer in some other trade which prospers out of the adversities and the poverty of the many. It is a curious fact and one worthy of some thought that business never suffers at the prospect of a Presidential election in Free-Trade times. Then, as all our past experience shows, things can't be any worse than they are, and the very possibility of a change from that un-American policy gives a little tone to business. The only time when business is unfavorably affected by the prospect of a Presidential election and a possible change of policy is when we are enjoying the prosperity which always results from a Protective Tariff policy. Fortunately, this year, there is such an infinitesimally small possibility of any change that business conditions continue steady and comparatively unaffected. Wouldn't it be a good idea to make the continuance of the prosperity bringing American policy of Protection so absolutely sure always that we need never fear lest there be change? It is worth thinking about.—American Economist.

Mason Hill.

Mrs. James Russell is reported very sick.

Mrs. C. W. Williams and Mrs. O. B. Tanner did shopping in Emporium on Saturday.

Ruben Jordan made a flying trip to Sinnamahoning on Friday.

C. M. Bailey came down from Medix Run and spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Byron Havner, of Renovo, was the guest of father J. W. Lane last week.

Horticulturist C. S. Williams, of Huston Hill was seen on our streets one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Barr came over from Huston Hill on Sunday, guests of of Mrs. Barr.

Miss Ethel Barr and Eva Lane visited Miss Orrel Jordan at Huntley the latter part of last week.

Miss Lizzie Jordan and Mrs. Thos. Marsh visited J. S. Jordan and family at Huntley on Thursday.

Omar Ives has moved his family from Tunnel Hill and will make this place his future home.

Messrs. Rola and Ray Ford, of Millers Run, circulated among relatives and friends here on Sunday.

Miss Emma and Pearl Marsh, of Sterling Run were the guests of Miss Nellie Marsh over Sunday.

Misses Alice Williams and Clara Ives returned home on Saturday after an extended visit with friends at Medix Run.

It has been reported that one of our young ladies has accepted a position as assistant route agent on the "overland" free mail delivery.

An ice cream festival will be held at the school house, Saturday evening, Sept. 1st, for benevolent purposes. Everybody is cordially invited.

Huntley Miller has resigned his position as general superintendent of A. H. Jordan's extensive lumber job at Huntley, and will spend a few days at home.

Reuben Jordan has contracted to haul A. H. Jordan's bark from Huntley to the Driftwood tannery. The job consists of about two thousand cords and will give employment to ten teams and thirty men.

Misses Maud and Alice Williams have purchased a new "bike" and have notified the farmers to move their fences, as they will not be responsible for damages done to stone, stump and log fences where the road is not sixty feet wide.

The surprise party gotten up to for Miss Ethel Barr on Saturday night, from reports received, was a decided success in every way. It was not attended by as many as was expected. The young folks did not have sufficient time to prepare themselves after being invited. However, those present enjoyed themselves in a social chat and games until eleven o'clock, when the small (?) eaters were invited to a bountiful feast, prepared by Mrs. Barr. At 12 o'clock the company dispersed, delighted with the reception and the royal hospitality at the Barr farm. DING.

First Fork.

John Makon the stage driver has completed his house.

Ezra Logue, the returned Knondiker, was visiting friends at Huntley the last of the past week.

The new postoffice at Arksill (Haynes') is open for business, with Jas. H. Haynes as postmaster.

The new railroad crew is grading on the Haynes farm and have the iron down as far as Brooks' siding.

Mr. Isaac Floyd and family and Arthur Baily and mother, of Sinnamahoning, were visiting friends in this section over Sunday. Also Mrs. Frank Wolf and Mrs. Abe Jones, of same place, were guests of friends here on Sunday.

Wm. Caldwell has been making quite extensive improvements on his property. Has moved the old blacksmith shop to the opposite side of the road, built a new fence in front, and added a porch to his house. Mr. Jones, of Wharton, did the carpenter work.

Jas. Mundy has purchased the W. Bailey property at the mouth of Brooks Run and we understand will open a commodious hotel at that place in the near future, for the accommodation of fishermen, hunters and the traveling public generally. Jim knows how it is done, and will probably satisfy the public.

***

Zinc and Grinding Make

Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.

Every woman loves to think of the time when a soft little body, all her own, will nestle in her bosom, fully satisfying the yearning which lies in the heart of every good woman. But yet there is a black cloud hovering about the pretty picture in her mind which fills her with terror. The dread of childbirth takes away much of the joy of motherhood. And yet it need not be so. For sometime there has been upon the market, well-known and recommended by physicians, a liniment called

Mother's Friend

which makes childbirth as simple and easy as nature intended it. It is a strengthening, penetrating liniment, which the skin readily absorbs. It gives the muscles elasticity and vigor, prevents sore breasts, morning sickness and the loss of the girlish figure.

An intelligent mother in Butler, Pa., says: "Were I to need Mother's Friend again, I would obtain 9 bottles if I had to pay $5 per bottle for it."

Get **Mother's Friend** at the drug store. **$1 per bottle.**

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

BEDARD. THE TAILOR.

YOUNG MEN.

Do you want style and ginger in your clothes, here's the place to find it. We have no

Special Hobbies

that young men should look like their fathers or like their little brothers but they must be just the thing—like a procession. Some one must lead and our efforts are to be

The Leaders

in every point in our business. Style, fit and workmanship.

Your Patronage Solicited.

BEDARD, THE TAILOR.
J. L. FOBERT, Manager,
Parsons' Bazaar, Emporium, Pa.

GROCERIES.

J. A. KINSLER,

Carries nothing but the best that can be obtained in the line of

Groceries and Provisions,

Flour, Salt and Smoked Meats, Canned Goods, etc.

Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.

Goods Delivered Free any place in Town.

Call and see me and get prices.

J. A. KINSLER,
Near P. & E. Depot.

Closing Out Sale of Summer Goods.

AT THE

H. C. OLMSTED STORE.

GREAT BARGAINS IN WAISTS AND CAPES.

Shirt Waists,
Crash and Duck Skirts,
Spring and Fall Capes,
etc., etc.
Waists that were 75c now 50c.
Waists that were $1.00, now 75c.
Waists that were $1.35, now $1.00.
Crash Skirts that were 50c now 40c.
Crash Skirts that were $1.00, now 75c.
Crash Skirts that were $1.15 and $1.25 now 90c.

BEAUTIFUL SILK CAPES.

Capes that were $3.00, now $2.25.
Capes that were $3.50, now $2.75.
Capes that were $5.50, now $4.00.
Capes that were $7.00, now $5.00
A large line of Percales, Ginghams, Silk Waist Patterns, etc., to close out quick.

Yours truly,

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
Assignee.

J. A. Fisher,
PRACTICAL
Horse Shoer,
Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

Dr. Fenner's KIDNEY and Backache Cure.
For all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles, Lame Back, Heart Disease, Skin Disease, Rheumatism, Bed Wetting, etc.
Unfailing in Female Weakness.
By dealers. 50c. size by mail 60c Fredonia, NY.
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BOOK COMMERCIAL AND JOB PRINTING
AT THIS OFFICE.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

A Great Reduction Sale!

In order to reduce stock so that I can have room for my large stock of fall goods, I will clean out my immense line, covering two large floors and a large ware room, at very low prices. Having had an unprecedented sale of goods this season, for the reason that I sell

BETTER GOODS FOR LESS MONEY

than others. (not cheap trash, but good goods at low prices.) As it is impossible for me to quote prices on all my goods, I will just give you few as samples:

GOOD HARD WOOD BEDS, - - - $2.00.
FINE COTTON TOP MATTRESSES, - - $2.00.
BED SPRINGS AT - - - - - - $2.00.
ROCKING CHAIRS FROM 75b UP.

Bedroom Suites, solid oak, at the very lowest prices. Bureaus, Chiffoniers, Book Cases, Hall Racks, Carpets, Linoleum, Oil Cloth—in fact everything that goes to make up a first-class Furniture Store. Don't take my word for it; don't take anybody else's word for it, but come and see for yourself and be convinced that this is the

CHEAPEST PLACE TO BUY GOODS IN THE STATE.

Being in the Furniture business in this town for many, many years, our reputation for reliable goods and honest dealing is too well known to need further mention and if you need anything in the furniture line, get our prices before purchasing.

☞BIG BRICK BLOCK, Cor. Fourth and Chestnut Sts.

GEO. J. LaBAR.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 4, 1900.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 25
Graham, "	65
Rye, "	65
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	45
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 10
Chop Feed, "	1 10
White Middlings, "	1 10
Bran, "	1 10
Corn, per bushel	60
White Oats, per bushel	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Don't be deceived by the flattery of faikers. Go to Dodson's and get your remedies, for he is here to stay, whereas the traveling physic vendor, even to-morrow, will be miles away, never perhaps, to return.

Patronize home institutions and if you have a "kick coming" you know where to go to have it.

Careful attention given prescriptions and family recipes.

R. C. DODSON.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by post a card, or letter, personally.

J. D. Logan visited his mother in Williamsport over Sunday.

Geo. Rieck is visiting in town, guest of his brother F. C. Rieck and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Slocum will make their home in Buffalo, in the future.

Deputy Sheriff Hemphill has been somewhat indisposed for several weeks past.

W. S. Warner is to re-enter the jewelry business at Austin.—Potter Democrat.

Jasper Harris and Pierson Fry were over from Emporium Monday.—Austin Republican.

Miss Eila Farrel is visiting friends in Emporium and Johnsonburg this week —Port Allegany Reporter.

Miss Bertha Dinger has returned to this place after a few months visit with her parents at Glen Hazel.

Miss Ethel Windland, of Boston, is passing a week with her friend, Miss Anna Metzger, at this place.

Mrs. Valentine Ledbetter and daughter returned last Saturday from an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Taylor, at Buffalo.

Geo. Gross, who has been on the sick list during the past few days, is able to be about again, but does not venture far from home.

Our good friend Daniel Webster, accompanied by his nephew, S. S. Waters, a fireman on the R. B. & P. R. R., were PRESS callers on Saturday last.

John McCarthy and son, of Elmira, N. Y., were visitors in town yesterday. Mr. M. formerly resided here and his many friends were pleased to see him.

Mrs. E. Mersereau Newton and Miss Ensie Howard are visiting in Portville, N. Y., the guests of Mrs. Newton's cousins Hon. W. E. Wheeler, and family.

Jos. A. Fisher, wife and son are visiting the former's parents in Indiana county. Mr. Fisher's brother is the Republican nominee for State Senator in the Indiana district.

Mrs. O. B. Tanner and Mrs. C. W. Williams, of Mason Hill, while stopping in Emporium last Saturday, called to see the PRESS and take a look through our establishment.

C. J. Miller, of Mason Hill, who was reported, some time ago, to have been lost, showed up in Emporium Saturday last, and informed us that he would make it good when he gets lost on Mason Hill.

James Norie returned home Wednesday from a ten days visit to Emporium, Pa., and Niagara Falls....Misses Claire and Genevieve Shaffer have been visiting relatives at Emporium and Kane, Pa., the past ten days....Miss Golda Lyons, of Emporium, has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Spotts, the past week. She returned hom Wednesday.—Renovo Record.

Ed Nye is enjoying his vacation at Lebanon.

Edwin Fields and bride are visiting eastern points.

Mrs. A. Kresge, of DuBois, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Auchu visited Buffalo on important business yesterday.

Fred Mills who has just returned from Alaska is guest of Emporium friends.

Mrs. S. L. Stoddard returned last evening from a visit with Buffalo friends.

Frank Heindel is all smiles on acof the arrival of that baby boy at his home last Friday.

Peter McMichael, engineer at the furnace, is visiting his family and friends at Lebanon.

Mrs. J. B. Schriever and daughter arrived in town last evening to visit their old home and friends.

Mrs. Fred A. Hill and daughters returned Tuesday evening from visiting Kane relatives the past week.

Miss Maude Thomas left Sunday evening for Philadelphia where she will attend commercial college.

John Farrell expects to leave on Saturday for Pittsburg, where he will attend Duff's Commercial College.

Mrs. O. B. Barnes and daughter will return on Saturday from visiting friends and relatives at Williamsport.

Joseph Murphy, of Pittsburg, who visited his uncle Michael Murphy, at this place last week, returned home on Saturday.

Alonzo Cheesbro's little son, aged about five years, fell from a chestnut tree, Tuesday, breaking his right arm above the wrist.

Misses May and Jennie Gould, of this place, and Mrs. A. D. Gould, of Eldred, are sojourning at Atlantic City for a few weeks.

Prof. E. Burlingame, principal of schools at Austin, Pa., and D. T. Ackerly, of Olean, N. Y., were callers at the PRESS office Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gillon, who visited Dr. S. S. Smith and wife during last week, returned to their home in Philadelphia, Sunday evening.

Chas. Robinson visited his old home at Punxsutawney last week and while there took in the county fair. He reports having had an enjoyable visit

Mrs. John Catlin, of Renovo, visited her parents Jacob Slaigle and wife several days the past week. John also spent Sunday here with his family.

Geo. O. Baker, wife and son, of New York city are guests of Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Baker. Mr. Baker is in the employ of the General Electric Company in that city.

Mrs. A. E. Wheaton, of Third street, suffered a severe attack of neuralgia of the heart last Sunday. We are glad to learn, however, that she has rallied from the shock and is now thought to be out of danger.

Mrs. M. C. Tufts returned last Saturday from attending the funeral of her father, Thomas White, who died at St. Francis' Hospital, at Buffalo, last Thursday, in his 85th year. His remains were interred at Wellsville.

William and Chas. Murphy, of Pittsburg, are visiting their aunt and uncle Mr. and Mrs. Michael Murphy, at this place The former gentleman accompanied by Michael Murphy were callers at the PRESS sanctum yesterday.

John Norris and wife spent Sunday in Kane, guests of Mr. Norris' mother. John informed us that his sister Mrs. Mayo, of Minneapolis, who has been visiting her parents and friends in this section for some time, left on Monday for her home.

Mr. R. Seger, who was elected delegate to the C. M. B. A. convention at Wilkes-Barre, left on Monday to fulfill his duty. Mr. Seger expects to visit New York and Philadelphia for the purpose of purchasing new goods for both of his stores.

B. P. McNulty, of Ridgway, called to see his Emporium friends on Tuesday and while in town made the PRESS a social call. We are always pleased to meet our genial friend and more than pleased to notice that he carries a McKinley badge.

Grant Carpenter and wife, living on Harrington place have taken another boarder, this time it is a young gentleman and Grant says he has sorter takin' a likin' to him and will not charge him any board. The new arrival engaged with the household on the 21st.

Mesdames Milligan and Crispin, of Baltimore, who have been guests of E. C. Davison and family, will return from visiting Buffalo and Niagara Falls to-morrow, accompanied by Mrs. Davison and Miss Mame Davison. They will leave for Atlantic city on Saturday.

J. H. Moorehouse, of Pittsburg, representing H. L. Childs & Company, mill and mine supplies, was calling on his Emporium friends this week. Harry called to pay his respects to the PRESS and order it sent to his home address. Mr. Moorehouse and wife, who have been visiting N. Seger and family at this place will return home to-morrow.

Walter Slocum, who has been having a serious time with his eyes left on Tuesday morning for Buffalo to consult an eye specialist. Mr. Slocum's friends hope he may be much benefitted by his visit.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Lamb returned from Keuka Lake Tuesday where they have been spending a couple of weeks at their cottage. They were accompanied by Mr. Lamb's brother, Mr. Chas. Lamb, of Minneapolis....Mrs. F. P. Sykes gave a party last Monday evening in honor of her son Edward's birthday. The weather being unfavorable the attendance was not large, but all who were present had a very enjoyable time. Refreshments were served and Mrs. Sykes did everything in her power to give everyone a good time. Ed. escaped without any whippings —Galeton Dispatch.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.

The Hughesville Fair.

The Hughesville fair, which has been outdoing many of the fairs in Central Pennsylvania in the display made and the number of people in attendance, promises to outdo itself this year.

Preparations are being made for the greatest exhibit ever made and the side attractions will be many and interesting.

The premium list has been revised and enlarged, while many improvements have been made on the grounds in the way of buildings and conveniencies. The purses for racing has been enlarged, and there promises to be the largest string of fast horses present ever entered at a county fair in this State. The fair will extend over four days, Sept. 18, 19, 20 and 21.

Williamsport Fair.

The Midway at the Williamsport fair this year will be a great and successful attraction. Among the fair features will be Lionel Legare, phenomenal equilibrist, originator and performer of the biggest, strongest and most versatile equilibristic gymnastic act in the world. The spiral tower is the finest and costliest ever constructed. It is built of steel and iluminum and is a big attraction in itself. This is the first season for this act in America and is direct from the leading European amusement resorts. Two performances daily without charge. The act can be seen from all parts of the grounds.

Other attractions on the Midway are the following: Trained animal show, the glass palace, miniature midway, Indian museum, Mlle. Christine, the two-headed lady; gypsy camp, the haunted swing, the crystal maze, etc.

The agricultural feature will be much larger and finer than it was last year. From present indications the races will be highly interesting, and the management expect at least 100 horses from different parts of the United States. Everybody should make it a point to attend the fair. Don't forget the date —Sept. 11, 12, 13 and 14.

Zinc and Grinding Make.
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.

McCormic Wins at Paris.

The McCormick Harvesting Machine Company of Chicago, has been awarded the Grand Prize on harvesting machines at the Paris Exposition. This is the highest award.

The McCormick Company also received the highest award, a gold medal, on binder twine, for the superior quality of its product. Special twine machinery from the celebrated McCormick twine mill was exhibited to the jury and awarded a medal.

The McCormicks have received the largest number of awards, as well as the highest awards made to any American exhibitor. In addition to the Grand Prize on machines and Gold Medal on twine they have received two medals in the department of metallurgy for superiority in forming metals into special parts for machines; in the department of machinery a medal for factory machinery, and also silver and bronze medals in other classes, six medals in all, besides the Grand Prize.

The International juries of the Exposition have recognized the great revolution wrought by McCormick machines and this large number of awards is a great triumph for America.

In addition to winning these awards, the Gold Medal and 200 francs, the single highest award for binders, was won easily by the McCormick Binder at the field trial at Coulommiers on July 19, against all comers. This is the greatest and most important trial held in France during the Exposition year.

Mr. C. H. Jessop, of Emporium, has the exclusive agency for Cameron county for the sale of all machinery made by this firm. Call and see him or write for particulars.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.

See the girls in another column carrying large baskets of grapes to a winery in Portugal for making wine. It is worth reading about. Speer of New Jersey makes wine from the same grape. His wines are unsurpassed by any in the world. 25-8w.

A Million Cheered the Marching Vets.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—For four hours and a half to-day the thinning ranks of the G. A. R. passed in review before their leaders and before probably a million spectators, packed in almost solid masses along the four miles line of parade. It marked the climax of the thirty-fourth annual encampment of the association of veterans who filled the pages of history with deeds of heroism during the weary years of the civil war, and was, according to Commander-in-Chief Shaw, the greatest parade since that day in Washington, when the hundreds of thousands of veterans, the most powerful army on earth, marched in review to their final disbandment.

Probably 30,000 members of the army of veterans took part in the parade. For exactly four hours and twenty minutes, most of the time with ranks almost perfectly aligned, but occasionally faltering under the burden of their years, they filed past the reviewing stand on Michigan avenue, saluting as they marched by General Nelson A. Miles, Commander-in-Chief Shaw, General Daniel E. Sickles, General Joseph E. Wheeler, Mayor Harrison and the Spanish Minister, Duke D'Arcos.

VETS WERE TIRED OUT

Shortly after passing the reviewing stand the line of march disbanded and most of the veterans, tired with the hours of march sought their hotels and lodging places.

Commander-in-Chief Shaw remained standing until the last veteran had filed by.

"We will never have another parade like it" he said, turning to Bishop Fallows. "The comrades are getting old. Their years are pressing them closely. But this one will live in our memories."

The evening was given up entirely to affairs of social character, the chief event being an informal reception to Commander-in-Chief Shaw, department commander and distinguished guests at Memorial Hall. It was largely attended, thousands of the old soldiers coming to greet the high officials of their organization. In twenty-six different places in the down town districts reunions of states were held. The ladies of the Woman's Relief Corps and the Ladies of the G. A. R. also held receptions during the evening.

The annual business meeting of the G. A. R. will be held to-morrow morning in the Studebaker theatre, commencing at 10 a. m.

C. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

R. SEGER & SON,
FASHIONABLE
Clothiers and Furnishers,
Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.
New FALL Styles
Embracing everything in Clothing and Furnishing line now opened. Nothing like it ever seen in this county. Call and see the new styles in Neckwear, Collars, etc.
We are agents for
THE MAC HURDLE FULL DRESS SHIRTS.
And call the attention of our customers to this excellent line of wear. Those who desire a first-class article can now be accommodated.
R. SEGER & SON,
Emporium, Pa.

Niagara Falls and Toronto Excursions August 28th and September 4th.

On the above dates the Pennsylvania R. R. will sell excursion tickets to Niagara Falls, good two days returning, including day of sale, also to Toronto and return good for five days returning, including day of sale, good going on train leaving Emporium at 8:35 a. m. Fare to Niagara Falls and return $2.50; Toronto and return $3.50. For Toronto passengers the trip will include the sail, Lewiston to Toronto and return on the Palace Steel steamers of the Niagara Navigation Company. Tickets will be available for return passage on all regular steamers and trains and stopover at Niagara Falls and Buffalo within their limit. Canada's Great Fair and Exposition at Toronto August 27th to September 8th. General admission 25 cents. Nothing like it in America. Stop over at Buffalo and see the great progress made at the Pan American Grounds. 25-3t

National Encampment, Union Veteran Legion, at Ft. Waons, Ind.

On account of the National Encampment, Union Veteran Legion, at Ft. Wayne, Ind., on September 12, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets at the rate of one fare for the round trip from all points on its line east of Pittsburg and Erie to Ft. Wayne. Tickets to be sold and good going September 9, 10, and 11, returning, to September 18, inclusive. 1746-26-2t

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right, too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,

WHITE PICKLING PURE CIDER MALT VINEGAR.
DAY'S
PURE SPICES CHOICE FRUIT FRESH Vegetables.
THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST.

THE BEST That's what we always endeaAor to give our patrons. Your welfare is our welfare. You can depend upon anything that comes from our house. If any cause for complaint, want to hear it. Everything made satisfactory.

THE PICKLING SEASON is here. You need spices, vinegar, etc. Dont run any risk of getting poor material, but come where you are sure of getting the pure article. All our spices and vinegar guaranteed to be pure and first quality.

FRUIT Don't delay with your orders for fruit and be disappointed. If you want Southern Peaches, now is the time to get them.

BARTLETT PEARS are now in their prime and will soon be over. Order quick.

PLUMS Will come along freely now, and prices will be reasonable.

TOMATOES We have a choice lot of tomatoes from our own gardens. They are the finest we ever raised and very cheap. Let's have your orders. Don't delay.

Try JA-MA-KA COFFEE, 20c lb.

Telephone 6, Fourth St. J. H. DAY.

Leading Furniture Store
OUR GROWTH HAS BEEN PHENOMINAL.

Reasons for it are found in the Superiority of our Service and the uniqueness of our BUSINESS METHODS. Our business policy has been from the start, and still is a policy of strictest INTEGRITY, of LIBERALITY, of HIGHEST AIMS, of PLUCK and PUSH.

We Have Planted the Seeds of "Bestness"

in the fertile soil of public appreciation and, lo! the business tree has grown and flourished.

BAFFLED COMPETITORS

having resorted to their old well known methods, in vain, now try by IMITATING our PRICES (which they place on OLD STYLE, OUT OF DATE GOODS) to stay the tide of popular favor which is carrying this store onward and upward. We call your attention to our Dining Room Furniture and offer the following at cut prices:

EXTENSION D TABLES, EACH	$4.00
CENTER TABLES, GOLDEN OAK, EACH	.75
DINING CHAIRS, Cane Seated Turned Legs, Golden Oak, each	1.20
DINING CHAIRS, Wood Seated, High Back, Golden Oak,	.90

WE GUARANTEE TO PLEASE YOU. GIVE US A CALL.

Scientific Embalming! Funeral Directing!!

FINE BROADCLOTH CASKET, FUNERAL CAR AND SERVICES, $36.

Remember the place, next door to the
ODD FELLOWS BLOCK.
RESIDENCE UP STAIRS. OPEN ALL NIGHT.

THE EMPORIUM FURNITURE COMPANY,
BERNARD EGAN, Manager,
EMPORIUM, - - - PA.

THE STURGIS WAGER

A DETECTIVE STORY.

By EDGAR MORETTE.

Copyright, 1899, by Frederick A. Stokes Co.

CHAPTER V.—CONTINUED.

"Point five," resumed Sturgis, "the right arm was broken just above the wrist."

"Yes," said the physician, "I thought at first that the arm might have been broken in the collision with the cable car; but the discoloration of the flesh proves conclusively that the fracture occurred before death."

"Precisely. Now, it is possible that the man broke his arm when he fell, after being shot; but the contused wound looks to me as if it had been made by a severe blow with some blunt instrument."

"Possibly," admitted Thurston.

"This broken arm, if we can place it in its proper chronological position, may prove to be of some importance in the chain of evidence," mused Sturgis. "If the fracture occurred before the man was shot, that, of course, excludes the possibility of suicide; but, on the other hand, it also brings in an obstacle to the hypothesis of murder."

"How so?"

"Because we have settled, you will remember, that the shot was fired from the right of the victim, and close to him. Now, if he did not fire the shot himself the person who did must have reached over his right arm to do so. In that case, unless the victim was asleep or stupefied, would he not instinctively have raised his arm in self-defense, and thus deflected the weapon upward?"

"Evidently."

"Well, it is idle to speculate on this line for the present. Let us come to point six. You remember I called your particular attention to the cabman. Do you still think he was only drunk?"

"No," replied Thurston; "while he had unquestionably been drinking heavily, he also showed symptoms of narcotic poisoning."

"Then the presumption is that he had been drugged by those who wished to place the wounded man in his cab. I observed him closely and I am satisfied that he knows as little about his dead passenger as we do. He probably knows less about him, at all events, than the young man in the sealskin cap who gave the police the slip during the excitement which followed the overturning of the cab."

Sturgis paused a moment.

"This, I think," he continued, "covers all the evidence we have thus far collected in the Cab Mystery. It is quite satisfactory, as far as it goes, for it is circumstantial evidence, and, therefore absolutely truthful. In the Knickerbocker bank mystery we have as yet no satisfactory data whatever; for everything we have heard concerning it has its origin in the fallible evidence of witnesses, and has, moreover, reached us third or fourth hand. There is, however, one fact that may, or may not, prove to be important. Have you noticed that these two mysteries are contemporaneous, and, therefore, that they may be related?"

"Do you think there is any connection between the two?" inquired Thurston, interested.

"I do not allow myself to think about it at all as yet," replied Sturgis; "I simply note the fact, that, so far as time is concerned, the Cab Mystery could be the sequel to the Knickerbocker Bank Mystery—that is all. Facts, my dear boy, are like words. A word is only an assemblage of meaningless letters until it becomes pregnant with sense by context. So, a fact, which, standing by itself, has no meaning, may, when correlated with other facts, become fraught with deep significance.

"And now," he continued, after a pause, "I think our work is concluded for the present. I shall be able to lay it aside for the night. Let me offer you a glass of sherry. Pleasant evening we spent at Sprague's to-night. I have a great admiration for him as an artist, and a great fondness for him as a man. Most of his friends are strangers to me, though. You know I have very little time to indulge in social dissipation. By the way, who is that Dr. Murdock with whom I have made this bet?"

"Oh! he is a physician, though now retired from practice. He devotes himself entirely to scientific research, especially in the domain of chemistry. He has made some important discoveries in organic chemistry, and they say he has succeeded in proving some of the supposed elementary metals to be compounds. He has quite an enviable reputation in the scientific world. I understand he is a remarkable man."

"That is evident at a glance. He showed himself this evening to be a clear thinker and a brilliant speaker. I should say he was something of a genius, and I should judge, moreover, that he was a man of magnificent nerve, capable of the most heroic actions, or—"

Sturgis hesitated.

"Or——?" asked Thurston.

"Or of the most infamous cruelty and crime. It all depends upon whether or not his great mental attributes are under the control of a heart; a point upon which I am somewhat in doubt."

CHAPTER VI.

THE ARTIST.

Sprague was a dilettante in art as he was in life. If he had not been rich, he might perhaps have become a great artist. But, lacking the spur of poverty, he seemed incapable of sustained effort. Occasionally he was seized with a frenzy for labor; and, for weeks at a time he would shut himself up in his studio, until he had creditably accomplished some bit of work. But the fever was soon spent, and a reaction invariably followed, during which palette and brush were taken up only in desultory fashion. Thus it was that at the age of eight and twenty, Sprague had painted a few pictures which had attracted favorable attention at the annual exhibitions of the Academy of Design, and which the critics had spoken of as "promising;" and thus it was that the promise was as yet unfulfilled, and that Sprague, though a man of undoubted talent, was not likely ever to rank as a genius in his profession.

Sturgis, with his keen insight into human nature, fully realized the potential capacities of the artist, and at times he could not control his impatience at his friend's inert drifting through life. But, with all their differences, these two men held each other in the highest esteem, each admiring in the other those very qualities which were lacking in himself.

The artist lived in a fashionable quarter of the city, in a bachelor apartment which included a large and commodious studio fitted up according to the latest canons of artistic taste.

On this particular New Year's morning, after waking and observing, by the filtering of a few bright sunbeams through the closely drawn blinds, that it was broad daylight, he stretched himself with a voluptuous yawn and prepared to relapse into the sensuous enjoyment of that semi-somnolent state which succeeds a night of calm and refreshing sleep.

Just as he was settling himself comfortably, however, he was startled by a knock at the bedroom door. Most men, under the circumstances, would have betrayed some vexation at being thus unceremoniously disturbed. But there was no suspicion of annoyance in Sprague's cheery voice, as he exclaimed:

"You cannot come in yet, Mrs. O'Meagher. I am asleep, and I shall be asleep for another hour at the least. Surely you cannot have forgotten that to-day is a holiday. Happy New Year! You have time to go to several masses before—"

"Get up, old lazybones; and don't keep a man waiting at your door in this inhospitable way, when he is in a hurry," interrupted a voice whose timbre was not that of the housekeeper, Mrs. O'Meagher.

"Oh! is that you, Sturgis?" laughed the artist. "Aren't you ashamed of yourself to come routing honest men out of bed at this unseemly hour? Wait a minute, till I put on my court costume, that I may receive you with the honors and ceremonies due to your rank and station."

A couple of minutes later the artist, pituresquely attired in a loose oriental dressing gown and fez, opened the door to his friend, Ralph Sturgis.

"Come in, old man," he said, cordially extending his hand to the reporter; "you are welcome at any hour of the day or night. What is it now? This is not your digestion call, I presume."

"No," replied Sturgis, "I merely dropped in to say that I should be unable to take our projected bicycle trip this afternoon. I shall probably be busy with the Knickerbocker bank case all day. By the way, if you would like to come to the bank with me, I shall be glad of your company. I am on my way there now."

"I should like nothing better," said Sprague, "but I have made an appointment for this morning with a—er—er—with a sitter."

"What, on New Year's day, you heathen!"

Sturgis observed the artist closely, and then added, quizzically:

"Accept my congratulations, old man."

"Your congratulations?" inquired Sprague, coloring slightly.

"Yes; my congratulations and my condolence. My congratulations on the fact that she is young and beautiful, and possessed of those qualities of mind and heart which—and so on and so forth. My condolence because I fear you are hit at last."

"What do you mean?" stammered the artist, sheepishly; "do you know her? What do you know about her?"

"Nothing whatever," replied Sturgis, laughing, "except what you are telling me by your hesitations, your reticence and your confusion."

The artist spoke after a moment of thoughtful silence.

"Your inductions in this case are premature, to say the least. My sitter is a young lady, so much is undeniably true. And there is no doubt in my mind as to her possession of all the qualities you jocularly attribute to her; but my interest in her is only that of an artist in a beautiful and charming woman.

"At any rate," he added, after a moment's hesitation, "I hope so; for I have heard that she is as good as betrothed to another man."

The reporter's keen ear detected in his friend's tones a touch of genuine sadness of which the artist himself was probably unconscious. Laying his hand gently upon Sprague's shoulder, he said, gravely:

"I hope so, too, old man; for you are one of those foolish men whose lives can be ruined by an unhappy love affair. I suppose it's useless to preach to you—more's the pity—but, in my humble opinion, no woman's love is worth the sacrifice of a good man's life."

"Yes, I know your opinion on that subject, you old cynic," replied Sprague, "but you need not worry on my account; not yet, at all events. I am still safe; the portrait is almost finished; and I should be a fool to walk into such a scrape with my eyes wide open."

"Humph!" ejaculated Sturgis, skeptically, "when a man makes a fool of himself for a woman, it matters little whether his eyes be open or shut; the result is the same."

Sprague laughed somewhat uneasily; and then, as if to change the subject:

"Come and see the picture," he said. "I should like your opinion of it."

The reporter consulted his watch.

"I shall have to come back some other time for that," he replied; "I must hurry off now to keep my appointment with Mr. Dunlap."

He started toward the door; but suddenly facing Sprague again, he held out his hand to the artist, who pressed it cordially.

"Good-bye, old man," he said, affectionately, "be as sensible as you can, and don't wantonly play with the fire."

And before Sprague could frame an answer, the reporter was gone.

The artist remained thoughtfully standing until his friend's footsteps had died away in the distance. Then he turned and walked slowly into the studio. Here, in the middle of the room, stood an easel, upon which was the portrait of a beautiful young girl.

Sprague gazed at it long and earnestly. Then he heaved an almost inaudible sigh.

"Sturgis is right," he said to himself, turning away at last, "and—and I am a confounded idiot!"

CHAPTER VII.

AGNES MURDOCK.

In a quarter of the city which is rapidly surrendering to the relentless encroachments of trade, there still stand a few old-fashioned houses, the sole survivors of what was once an aristocratic settlement.

One by one their fellows have been sapped and swept away by the resistless tide of commerce, until these ancient dwellings, stubbornly contesting a position already lost, now rear their sepulchral brownstone fronts in stiff and solitary grandeur—huge sarcophagi in a busy mart.

One of these houses stands well back from the street line, the traditional backyard of the ordinary New York dwelling having been sacrificed, in this instance, to make room for a tiny garden, which is separated from the street by a tall spiked iron railing, behind which grows an arbor vitae hedge. The former serves as a defense against the marauding of the irrepressible metropolitan gamin; while the latter confers upon

"I SHOULD THINK YOU WOULD WELCOME HARD WORK AS A PLEASANT CHANGE."

the occupants of the garden a semblance of protection from the curious gaze of the passers-by.

This property, having been the subject of an interminable lawsuit, had remained for many years unoccupied, and was even now beginning to be regarded by some of the neighbors as haunted, when at last it was bought by Dr. Murdock, a wealthy widower with an only daughter. For some months masons and carpenters were at work; and then, one day, the new occupants entered into possession.

The Murdocks lived quietly but luxuriously, like people accustomed to wealth. They had their horses and carriages, their house at Lenox and at Newport, and their yacht. Their circle of acquaintances was large, and included not only the fashionable set, but also a scientific, literary and artistic set. For Dr. Murdock was a chemist of national reputation, a member of several scientific bodies, and a man of great intelligence and broad culture.

On this particular New Year's morning Dr. Murdock was seated in his study, apparently absorbed in reading the daily papers, a pile of which lay upon his table. His occupation might perhaps more accurately be described as skimming the daily papers; for each journal in turn was subjected to a rapid scrutiny, and only a few columns seemed occasionally to interest the reader.

There was no haste visible in the doctor's actions, each one of which appeared to be performed with the coolness and deliberation of a man who is not the slave of time; and yet, so systematic were they, that, all lost motion being avoided, every operation was rapidly completed.

In a short time the pile of newspapers had been disposed of, and the doctor, lighting a choice cigar, leaned back in his comfortable armchair and placedly puffed the wreaths of fragrant smoke ceilingward. He was apparently satisfied with the world and with himself, this calm, passionless man. And yet a sharp observer would have noted an almost imperceptible furrow between the eyes, which might perhaps have indicated only the healthy mental activity of an ordinary man; but which, in one given so little to outward manifestation of feeling as Dr. Murdock, might also betoken more or less serious annoyance or displeasure.

While the chemist sat in this pensive attitude, there was a rustle of skirts outside, and presently there came a gentle knock at the door of the study.

"Come in!" said Murdock, removing the cigar from his lips.

The door opened, admitting a tall and beautiful young girl, evidently not long out of her teens.

"Did I disturb you, father?" she asked, stepping lightly into the room.

"No, Agnes," replied Murdock, courteously; "as you see, I am indulging in a period of dolce far niente."

The young girl laughed a clear, silvery laugh, as her eyes fell upon the pile of newspapers.

"If the reading of a dozen newspapers is dolce far niente, I should think you would welcome hard work as a pleasant change."

"Oh!" replied her father, "the work I have done on those has not amounted to much. I have only been gleaning the news from the morning papers.

"Yes," he added, answering her surprised look, "it takes a deal of skim milk to yield a little cream."

The last paper which Murdock had been examining lay upon the desk before him. From the closely printed columns stood out in bold relief the glaring headlines:

MURDER IN A CAB.

MYSTERIOUS ASSASSINATION OF AN UNKNOWN MAN, IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

CABMAN REILLY DENIES ALL KNOWLEDGE OF THE CRIME.

Miss Murdock's glance rested carelessly upon these words for an instant. They aroused in her nothing more than the mild curiosity which attaches to events of palpitating human interest, when they have been congealed in the columns of the daily newspapers and served to palates already sated with sensational verbosity.

"Mary said you wished to speak to me," said the young girl, after a short pause. "I thought I would step in to see you before going to Mr. Sprague's."

"To Sprague's?" inquired Murdock, fixing his keen eyes upon the young girl. "Ah, yes; I remember he spoke of the appointment last night. How is the portrait coming on?"

"It is almost finished. Probably only one or two more sittings, at the most, will be necessary."

Agnes seemed slightly embarrassed by the fixity of her father's searching glance. She settled herself in an armchair and assumed a look of deferent expectancy.

[To Be Continued.]

AN INVOLUNTARY THIEF.

Drove Off with Another Man's Horse and Wagon and Got Into Trouble.

There is no fun in being a criminal, even though it be by accident. George H. Jessup, the novelist and playwright, who has now a big place in Cabinteely, Ireland, once lived in San Francisco, says the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Herald. There was an epidemic of horse stealing at that time, which was followed by a sympathetic attack of lynching. Vigilance committees were everywhere, and strangers on strange horses were viewed with suspicion.

Jessup and a friend were out driving one day and took part in a picnic where they knew nobody. They passed several pleasant hours at San Mateo, where the festival took place, and then remembered an important engagement. They left the crowd and went to the neighboring grove where the horses were tethered, and unfastening their own rig, as they supposed, jumped in and drove off. The horse had trotted two or three miles when the friend said:

"George, this isn't our horse. It's a larger and better animal."

Jessup looked at the steed carefully and replied: "Upon my word, you are right. This isn't our carriage robe either."

It was a handsome affair, and they looked at it with some curiosity. On the inside of it was sewed a piece of cloth bearing the name and address of the owner. The friend gasped:

"George, do you know the owner of this rig is the head of the vigilance committee?"

Mr. Jessup broke into a cold perspiration as he replied: "Let's drive to the nearest telegraph station and wire him."

They drove like mad, and when they reached the station made arrangements at the hotel to have the horse and wagon cleaned. Then they sent a dispatch, and waited their fate.

In due time the irate owner arrived, and to their inexpressible joy he came in their own vehicle. There were explanations and apologies, and, according to California custom, the luckless Jessup was compelled to "treat the house," an act which kept him poor for the remainder of the month.

Gethsemane.

The Garden of Gethsemane, which was so closely interwoven with the closing scenes in the life of Christ, is now a desolate spot, containing a few old and shattered olive trees, the trunks of which are supported by stones, though some of the branches are flourishing. It is a small square inclosure of about 200 feet, surrounded by a high wall, a little way out of Jerusalem, below St. Stephen's gate, and near the foot of the Mount of Olives. Biblical reference to it is made in Matt. 26:30-56; Mark 14:26-52; Luke 22:39-53, and John 18:1-14. The garden is the property of the Latin Christians, the Greek church having fixed upon another locality as the true site of Gethsemane.

Different Denominations.

"A man gave over a hundred dollars for a copper cent the other day."

"That's nothing. An English syndicate has just paid $2,000,000 for a woolen mill."—Harlem Life.

HITTING THE BRUSH.

Treatment That Is Said to Be a Cure for Brain Fag.

Backward University Students Helped Along by Electricity—Years of Study Preceded the Application of the Current.

President Jordan, of Stanford university, California, is a hard worker himself, and has but little patience with a person of indolent habits. He has always encouraged his thousand or more students to put in their best licks while at the university, never letting them forget that success can only be won by hard work. To this unremitting industry on his part and to faithful imitation on the part of his young charges can be traced the fact that in the short space of nine years Stanford has taken her place among the leading educational institutions of the land. In spite of everything, however, the tasks imposed on the youths under his care have proven too much for them. Here and there one or two would drop out of the race and were soon forgotten by almost everybody at the university. These fallings by the wayside were the subject of frequent thought on the part of John J. Lewin, chief electrician at the university, whose misfortune it was to have a special friend drop out through inability to maintain the pace. Mr. Lewin set himself to the task of discovering some way of giving backward students such aid as would prevent them from falling behind. That was five years ago, and Mr. Lewin is now ready to give the necessary stimulant in such cases. His investigations have convinced him that electricity is a sort of elixir of youth; that it is a sure cure for brain

"HITTING THE BRUSH."
(The New Electrical Cure for So-Called Brain Fag.)

fag, and that it will nurture the mind of youth and stimulate the wisdom of age. Mr. Lewin has ponderous and exact ways of describing just how all these miracles may be performed, but the young men at the university express the same ideas when they refer to the treatment as "hitting the brush." They unanimously agree that by following the electrician's instructions the human brain's ability to withstand the fatigue of labor is vastly increased. Those who have taken the treatment are also as one in the assertion that no harm comes therefrom.

Mr. Lewin has this simple method of explaining the workings of his invention: The action of electrical influences on the particles that compose the brain centers excites the nervous action controlling the flow of blood, in that way enabling the mind to do more work than would be possible for it under normal conditions. Added to this is the fact that the atomic action of the brain cells is rendered more controllable and facile, so that the usual exhaustion from long continued brain work becomes merely a mental recreation that neither drags nor worries nor exhausts. In Encina hall, the largest dormitory on the college campus, where some 3,000 freshmen have during the last few years been introduced to student life at the university, Mr. Lewin first placed his invention. He did it by way of an experiment to see how it would be taken up by the inhabitants of the hall. He well knew that to be acceptable it must be harmless looking, and he made it so.

It is a simple thing to look at—a small box of light oak wood with two small handles attached, one at each end, an electric switch and arrow indicator (the whole bound, screwed and bolted tightly together)—that is about all there is to look at. A simple thing on the whole, this mystic machine, on which you press a button to make it "alive," and to throw an unknown quality of electricity into a common metal brush attached to the box by a wire, a brush that stings when you brush your hair, giving you an uncanny sensation. That is the kind of machine Inventor Lewin placed in Encina hall.

To "hit the brush" became a byword. That was some months ago. Then Inventor Lewin told what it was—this electric machine of his—but one thing he did not tell and that was the quality of the current he uses. This secret he has patented, for in it lie all the wonderful powers with which it is claimed this invention is endowed. President Jordan is pleased with results so far, but with commendable caution thinks the time has not yet quite arrived for such unequivocal indorsement as the idea seems to deserve.

Spectacles for a Pet Cat.

A pet Maltese cat belonging to an English woman has been successfully provided with spectacles to counteract failing eyesight. A picture of a mouse was used by the oculist to test the cat's eyes.

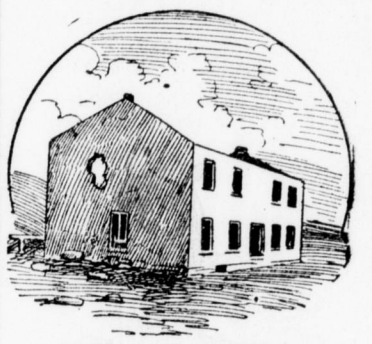
KANSAS' FIRST CAPITOL.

It Is All That Is Left of Pawnee, Once the Seat of Government of the Sunflower State.

One of the ruins that Kansas proposes to guard from the ravages of time is the first statehouse of Kansas, one of the few relics of the early days, when the settlement of the west was just beginning.

It stands near Fort Riley, in the central part of the state, and, according to the Philadelphia Press, is all that is left of the town of Pawnee, the first capital of the state.

The town was started by boomers who "stood in" with the territorial



KANSAS' FIRST CAPITOL.
(All That Is Left of Pawnee, Once a Booming Little City.)

governor, A. H. Reeder, who owned land there and was a good deal of a speculator.

The town association built the capitol, a stone structure two stories high and 40x80 feet in outside dimensions. They laid out the streets and boarding-houses were made ready for the first meeting of the legislature. Then, in 1855, the governor called the legislature to meet there, and the solons decided that they would not assist him in his plays.

They went from eastern Kansas in prairie schooners, a long procession that wound its way 150 miles out on the prairie, the travelers growing more angry that the governor had selected so distant a place. They had provisions for the trip, and when they reached Pawnee not one of them went to the boarding houses, as had been expected, but they cooked in their wagons and lived on the edge of the town site.

On the day for the opening of the legislature they went to the new stone building and held a session, which consisted of organizing and adjourning to Shawnee mission, in the eastern part of the state, where, despite all the efforts of the governor, the remainder of the session was held.

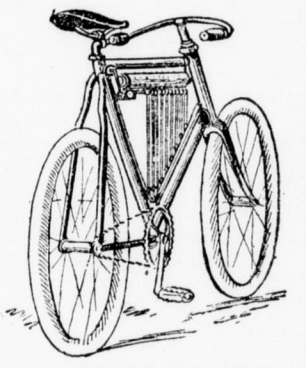
Pawnee did not make a town. The cholera broke out the next year at Fort Riley and the people fled. The statehouse stands out on the plain, deserted, the roof gone and the interior a place for the hiding of coyotes and sandhill owls. The state has been asked to purchase the old ruin and preserve it for future generations, who will doubtless appreciate it as a reminder of the efforts of the first-comers to make this a great city, and for a time it seemed likely that they would succeed.

Kansas has seven capitols, ending with the present handsome building at Topeka, not yet completed; but none has a more romantic history than the old Pawnee statehouse, and none appeals more strongly to the lovers of the picturesque.

A MUSICAL BICYCLE.

Designed for the Purpose of Giving Divertisement During Long and Tedious Runs.

At this time when so many improvements are being made on bicycles, in the way of attachable motors, etc., the machine illustrated in the Scientific American will doubtless interest our readers. It is the invention of Mr. Samuel Goss, of Chicago, and was designed for the purpose of furnishing



THE MUSICAL BICYCLE.
(Plays Melodious Airs While the Rider Works the Pedals.)

music for the rider of the wheel and his companions, in order to break the monotony and give divertisement during long and tedious runs.

The mechanism, which is quite simple, is mounted on an iron frame made to fit into that of the machine. On this frame are stretched piano wires, B, while on the cross piece, A, are some small hammers operated by pins on the cylinder, C, and made to strike the wires. The cylinder is rotated by worm gears placed at its left-hand end and driven from the crank shaft by a cord and pulley.

The inventor has foreseen the case when the riders should tire of the music, by providing a small lever for throwing out the gears and thus stopping the cylinder. The tune may be varied by putting in new cylinders, and the time of any air may be quickened by increasing the speed of the wheel.

Guests on the Left.

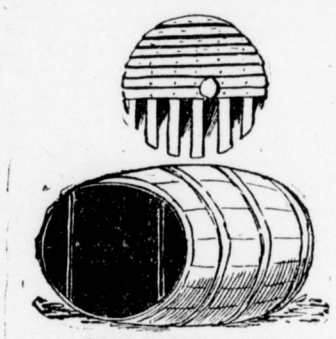
The place of honor at a Chinese banquet is at the host's left hand.

THE FARMING WORLD

GOOD BARREL COOP.

Poultry Yard Device That Is So Simple and Inexpensive That Everybody Can Have It.

A tight barrel makes an excellent coop for chickens, as it is almost ready for use as it is. Throw a lot of dry loam into the bottom, when



GOOD BARREL COOP.

turned on its side, to make a level floor, and nail two strips at the front, as shown. Make a front of laths as shown in the cut and place against the strips. A nail at either side will hold it in place. During the day let the slatted part be at the bottom, so the chicks can run in and out. At night simply turn the front around in its place, so that the more solid part may come at the bottom to keep out prowling enemies and to keep the chicks in.—Orange Judd Farmer.

PRESERVING EGGS.

Formula Used by Speculators and Dealers Engaged in the Business on a Large Scale.

Numerous methods of preserving eggs are in use. The idea of all of them is to keep air out of the eggs, as by such absence of oxygen decay can be arrested for a considerable length of time, especially if the eggs are perfectly fresh at the start and are kept in a cool, dark place. The standard method most used by speculators and dealers is to put eggs in lime water. The process is as follows, this recipe having been widely sold at five dollars under pledge of secrecy: Take two gallons of water, 12 pounds of unslaked lime and four pounds of salt, or in that proportion according to the quantity of eggs to be preserved. Stir several times daily and then let stand until the liquid has settled and is perfectly clear. Draw or carefully dip off the clear liquid, leaving the sediment at the bottom. Take for the above amount of liquid five ounces each of baking soda, cream of tartar, saltpeter and borax and an ounce of alum. Pulverize and mix these and dissolve in one gallon of boiling water and add to the mixture about 20 gallons of pure lime water. This will about fill a cider barrel. Put the eggs in carefully so as not to crack any of the shells, letting the water always stand an inch above the eggs, which can be done by placing a barrel head a little smaller upon them and weighing it. This amount of liquid will preserve 150 dozen of eggs. It is not necessary to wait to get a full barrel or smaller package of eggs, but they can be put in at any time that they can be obtained fresh. The same liquid should be used only once.—Michigan Tradesman.

Shipment of Dressed Fowls.

It is a common saying that the market is never over-stocked with the best, and this is probably correct. Whenever the market is over-stocked it begins at the poorest quality to reject. If the market does not reject the low quality, it at once reduces the price to a point below cost of production and marketing. Therefore the only people that stand a chance of making money are those that send to market good products in good shape. In a way markets are always over-stocked, except in times of special scarcity. But the market is never over-stocked with choice fowls. Great loss to the producers results from the manner in which fowls are dressed and shipped to market. One man says that the quantity of fowls daily dressed and sent to market in an unsalable condition is enormous. —Farmers' Review.

Poultry House Disinfectants.

It is well to keep the fact in mind that pure air and sunshine are the best of disinfectants. They discount everything in keeping the nursery coops in condition. Turn these coops over frequently so when the hens and their broods are out on the range the sun may shine on them all day. If this is regularly attended to and their location changed so as to occupy a fresh spot of ground once a week you can relieve your mind of any fear of foulness which will be injurious to the chicks. This kind of disinfecting costs nothing in the way of labor, and is one of the cheap things which is thoroughly good. —Farmers' Voice.

Wild Onion in Pastures.

The wild onion is the bane of the pastures, but it can be eradicated entirely if attention is given it. One of the remedies suggested for the wild onion odor in milk is to stable the cows about three o'clock and give hay, allowing their regular food as usual. The odor will pass off in the secretions in three or four hours. Every season, however, the wild onion regularly appears and increases, yet the pests are easily destroyed by pulling them up or keeping them cut down. This may be tedious for awhile, but pays well in the end.

THE HORSE BUSINESS.

Those Who Raise the Right Sort of Animals Have Never Yet Made a Failure of It.

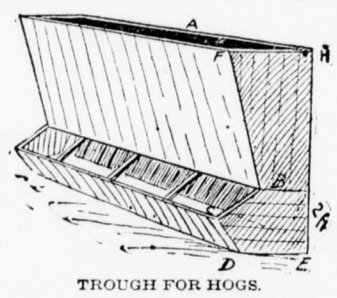
At the round-up institute in Wisconsin last year, H. A. Briggs, an extensive breeder of that state, gave the following good advice in regard to the brood mare:

If you are going to raise draft horses see what kind of brood mare you have. Don't try to raise a draft horse from a 1,000 or 1,100-pound trotting mare. Select your largest mares and cross them with the breed you like best, a pure-bred draft horse, whether he is imported or American bred, you must get size and quality. If you are going to breed carriage or coach horses, select your mares that have size and quality, and cross them with the very best carriage horse you can. I am not going to point out the particular breed you should have. Among our American trotters we can get as good a type of coach horse as there is in the world, if we look to size and quality, but there are not enough of them. If American people had paid as much attention to producing good carriage horses as they have to producing speed, and speed alone, we would have the best coach and carriage horses of any nation in the world, and we would have a national reputation for producing carriage horses equal to the one we have had for producing little trotters. That has been the one great trouble with the men who have been raising trotting horses, they have lost sight of everything except the speed and the speed pedigree, and the result in many cases has been that not one in 25 has been fit to put on the market to sell for any kind of legitimate use. Get the idea of trying to raise trotting horses out of your head; if he can't do anything but trot you do not want him, because you would do more harm to yourself and your family in a financial and a moral way than anything you can do on the farm. But if you have a good standard trotting mare, and can cross her with a good French or German coach or standard bred horse you can make money in raising coach or carriage horses. Such horses are selling all the way from $150 to $1,500. They weigh from 1,150 to 1,250 pounds, and stand from 15½ to 16 hands high, with all of the style and nice, easy action that you can get in a horse, not a low shuffling gait, but one that gets his feet up and shows nice knee action and nice hock action. That will give you an idea of the kind of horse that I think is advisable for the farmer to raise. You may have the very best breeds of either one of these kinds, and if you neglect feed you will have the veriest scrub that ever grew on a Wisconsin farm.

A GOOD HOG TROUGH.

Pigs Cannot Get Their Feet Into It and Cannot Get in the Way While Slop Is Poured In.

I send sketch of a hog trough I have had in use for some time, and it is a success. Pigs cannot get their feet into it and cannot get in the way when pouring in slop. The height (E, H) is two feet; width of opening at B, two inches; C, D, 6 inches; D, E, eight inches. Slop is poured in at A and runs down through the two-inch opening into trough, the rear side of which slopes forward so that the pigs can reach all the slop in bottom of trough.—Ohio Farmer.



TROUGH FOR HOGS.

TIMELY SWINE NOTES.

The hogs are mortgage lifters this year.

Converting corn into pork this season has been a paying business.

Do not let the harvest work or cultivation of the crops interfere with the care of the pigs.

The wheat that did not pay to cut can be harvested by the hogs to a decided advantage.

Let the hogs run in the orchard now and they will destroy lots of worms and insects by eating up the dropping fruit.

A farmer who cannot find pleasure in handling the swill pail for the pigs is not able to enjoy all the pleasures of the farm.

Hogs are filthy animals only when they are compelled to be filthy. They enjoy clean quarters as much as any other animal, and will keep them so if given a chance.—National Stockman.

Sheep as Farm Fertilizers.

Prof. Roberts, of Cornell university, says the fertilizer produced by a sheep in a year is worth $3.17. While the most of this is left in the pasture, its value to the farmer depends much upon the condition of the grass there. Many pastures are in such condition that they need breaking up and reseeding as much as they do fertilizer, and until something is done to remedy this trouble the value of the manure made by the sheep would to some extent be wasted. We know that the sheep improve the pasture by killing many varieties of weeds, and thus give the grass a better chance, but the sheep should not be forced to live entirely upon weeds and bushes. If they are, it will be a question whether the bushes or the flock of sheep will be killed first.

SON HAD THE ADVANTAGE.

His Reputation as an Athlete Made Him Better Known Than His Studious Father Was.

William Scott, of Pittsburgh, who has been brought so prominently before the public recently through being Mr. Carnegie's lawyer in the famous "multi-million-dollar-controversy" between Frick and Carnegie, asked one question too many the other day.

Everyone interested in legal affairs knows how the two millionaires have always consulted the same law firm because their interests were identical, and that when the split came this firm, of which Judge Reed, president of the Lake Erie railroad, is the head, refused to take sides with either client and that new attorneys had to be chosen. Mr. Carnegie chose Mr. Scott, a brilliant and well-known Princeton alumnus of the class of '69, says the Philadelphia Post.

On June 9, at the opening of Nassau's commencement, when Princeton took the baseball championship from Yale and young King Scott, Mr. Scott's son, had the honor of being substitute pitcher for Hildebrand, Mr. Scott was among the favored guests.

Mr. Scott is fond of getting evidence from people, and when a freshman who idolized King Scott came up to shake hands with the father after the game Mr. Scott asked him what he thought was the best thing in college life.

"Athletics, sir," was the freshman's eager answer. "It's the greatest thing of all. It does a fellow no end of good."

"And why athletics?" insisted Mr. Scott.

"Well, sir," was the answer, "it's just this way: I guess you were a good student here, Mr. Scott, and read a heap of books—but nobody has ever heard of you, and the whole world knows about King."

Something for All Seasons.

In an uptown political club they are telling a story at the expense of the wife of one of the members—a man who had suddenly arisen from poverty to comparative affluence through a garbage contract. A new house had been purchased in a good neighborhood, and the wife spent many busy days in furnishing it. When she reached the item of mattresses she went to a big department store on Market street and made known her wants to a polite salesman. "I presume, madam," he said, "that you want the best spring mattresses." "Not at all," was the quick retort. "You needn't think because I'm rich I'm easy. A spring mattress, indeed! Sure, I want mattresses you can use in spring, summer, autumn and winter. I'm not buying a mattress for every season in the year."—Philadelphia Call.

Chinaman and Christian.

A Chinaman of great dignity and some splendor of dress was getting off an elevated train at Twenty-third street the other day when a white rowdy called after him:

"Say," said the tough, "are you a 'boxer?'"

The other tough added some abuse and roared with laughter, after the Chinaman, who got off the car, then turned. He waited till the gates were closed, then he answered in pretty clear English:

"Say, you Clistian?"

Then the gateman and some passengers laughed, and the toughs slunk into the car. —N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

When a man gets down, he not only has the right, but it is his duty to get up as soon as possible. No man should consent to sprawl in the mud forever because he has accidentally fallen into it.—Atchison Globe.

In running to a fire, a man becomes discouraged in less than two blocks, but a woman runs until she reaches the front gate of a friend's house, when she realizes that she isn't dressed fit to be seen on the streets, and stays until dark.—Atchison Globe.

Military Cyclist—"Look, here, old chap, I can excuse explosive bullets, white flags and all that sort of thing, but to deliberately fire at and burst a fellow's tire is not warfare. Why couldn't they have fired at me instead?"—Alley Sloper.

Irrational.—The trillionaire startled his entourage terribly, to-day. "I am happier," he observed, "than I was when I hadn't a dollar!" It is clearer than ever that he is insane, and will presently have to be immured. Certainly nothing could be more irrational than this remark of his.—Detroit Journal.

The missionary perceived that he must be very adroit if he would induce these Chinese women to give up the practice of foot-binding. It was not enough that he had collated statistics to show that there is more real agony in wearing a 2A shoe on a 4B foot, after the manner of civilized women, than in binding the feet, after the Chinese custom. If the benighted Chinese women could be got to believe this, all would be well; but they were exceedingly superstitious.—Detroit Journal.

L'Enfant Terrible.—Little Millicent, the infant prodigy, daughter of Montmorency Mugger, the eminent comedian, had partaken copiously of a light lunch of green apples. Shortly afterwards she remarked to her papa: "I feel just like a store window." "Why?" asked papa, in the tone of one who carries on a conversation for the purpose of supplying cues to the orchestra. "Because I have such a large pain in my sash." This joke will be tried on an audience in Washington early next season.—Baltimore North American.

Ten Years Pain

"I am a school teacher, have suffered agony monthly for ten years.

"My nervous system was a wreck. I suffered with pain in my side and had almost every ill known. I had taken treatment from a number of physicians who gave me no relief.

"One specialist said no medicine could help me, I must submit to an operation.

"I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, stating my case, and received a prompt reply. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and followed the advice given me and now I suffer no more. If any one cares to know more about my case, I will cheerfully answer all letters."— MISS EDNA ELLIS, Higginsport, Ohio.

If You Have

Pimples, Tetter, Eczema or any disease of the skin or Mucous Membranes that can be reached by an outward application, it can be cured by using Palmer's Lotion, the great beautifier and Skin Curer, which should be kept in every household ready for any emergency. Palmer's Lotion Soap possesses all the medicinal properties of this Lotion, and should be used in connection with it, in preference to any other soap, as it will greatly assist in curing all such afflictions. If your druggist does not keep it, send his name to Solon Palmer, 374 Pearl Street, New York, and receive free pamphlet of testimonials with sample of Lotion or Soap.

A Shining Mark.

Borrows—Easy, is he?

Graphiter—Well, I should say. I wrote to him once and asked him to lend me two dollars. It seems I spelt "two" t double o, and forgot to cross the t. He sent me $100.—Philadelphia Press.

More Cheap Excursions to Colorado.

Special Trains, one night out to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo via the Great Rock Island Route, will leave Chicago August 21, Sept. 4 and 18, at 4:45 p. m. On these dates excursion tickets from Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Glenwood Springs, Salt Lake City and Ogden, Utah, will be sold at rate of one regular fare plus $2.00 for round trip, return limit Oct. 31, 1900. Tickets also good on regular trains. For full information, berth reservations and beautiful book "Colorado the Magnificent," sent free, address John Sebastian, G. P. A., Chicago.

Cases Alter Circumstances.

Maude—Would you marry a man you didn't love?

Clara—No, indeed!

"But suppose he had a million?"

"Oh, then I'd love him."—Chicago Evening News.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Fixing the Blame.

Critic—Your picture doesn't resemble nature.

Artist—The picture is all right. If nature doesn't look that way, so much the worse for nature.—Somerville Journal.

An English tourist, who had left a waterproof on a train, went back to look for it. On asking the occupants of a third-class carriage compartment whether they had seen anything of a "mackintosh," "Na, na," one of them replied, "we're a' Macphersons here."—Glasgow Evening Times.

NEBRASKA THE LAND OF PLENTY

I wonder why it is that so many men spend their days working hard on rented farms, barely making enough to get along, with no great prospect ahead of owning their own homes, when within a few hours' journey is a land of plenty —**Nebraska**—where all kinds of grain and fruit can be raised with the least amount of labor; where cattle and hogs fed on corn bring a handsome profit; where the climate is healthful and churches and schools abound; where land is cheap and can be bought on very easy terms.

Think of this, and if you want information about the country send to me for "The Corn Belt," a beautifully illustrated monthly paper that tells all about Nebraska, and also for "The West Nebraska Grazing Country," an interesting illustrated booklet containing a large sectional map of Nebraska.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month during the balance of this year cheap excursion tickets will be sold over our road to Nebraska, so that people may go and see for themselves. Ask your ticket agent about this.

P. S. EUSTIS,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt. C. B. & Q. R. R.
CHICAGO, ILL.

ILLINOIS FARMS FOR SALE IN TRACTS of 40 to 400 ACRES. G. W. FITHIAN. NEWTON, ILL.

"This boy of mine," said the distressed parent, "has always been backward in his lessons. He doesn't seem to be smart enough." "You leave him with me," said the old-fashioned pedagogue, significantly. "I'll make him smart."—Philadelphia Record.

Diddler—"Do you think your tailor would trust me with a suit of clothes, old man?" Robinson (dubiously)—"Does he know you?" Diddler—"No." Robinson—"Oh, then he might. Try him."—N. Y. World.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

People resemble pianos when they are square, upright and grand.—Chicago Daily News.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

A few men are self-made, but many more are self unmade.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

"No, Geraldine, the partition of China is not the same thing as the Chinese wall.—Indianapolis News.

Throw physic to the dogs—if you don't want the dogs—but if you want good digestion chew Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

A great bar to education is the habit that ignorant people have of getting angry when they cannot understand.—Town Topics.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price, 75c.

Danger cannot be surmounted without danger.—Chicago Daily News.

CHICAGO TO OMAHA

ILLINOIS CENTRAL MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL VALLEY ROUTE RAILROAD

Double Daily Service

New line via Rockford, Dubuque, Waterloo, Fort Dodge and Council Bluffs. Buffet-library-smoking-cars, sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, dining cars. Send to the undersigned for a free copy of **Pictures and Notes En-Route** illustrating this new line as seen from the car window. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines. A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago.

LADIES! When Doctors and others fail to relieve you, try N. F. M. H.; it never fails. Box free. Mrs. B. A. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

EDUCATIONAL.

FRANKLIN COLLEGE New Athens, O. 76th year. U. S. Senators, Governors, and 350 Ministers; total, $130 a year; books free; board and room less than cost; no saloons; catalogue free, with plan to earn funds at home. W. A. WILLIAMS, D. D., Pres.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

Conducted by the Sisters of the Holy Cross. Chartered 1855. Thorough English and Classical education. Regular Collegiate Degrees.

In Preparatory Department students carefully prepared for Collegiate course. Physical and Chemical Laboratories well equipped. Conservatory of Music and School of Art. Gymnasium under direction of graduate of Boston Normal School of Gymnastics. Catalogue free. The 46th year opens Sept. 4, 1900. Address,

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WALTHAM WATCHES

The name Waltham engraved on every movement the American Waltham Watch Company makes, guarantees the movement absolutely and without any reservation whatsoever.

"The Perfected American Watch", an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

There is no end of

Old Virginia Cheroots

to waste, as there is no finished end to cut off and throw away. When you buy three Old Virginia Cheroots for five cents, you have more to smoke, and of better quality, than you have when you pay fifteen cents for three Five Cent cigars.

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents. 4

MAM-M-MA!!
DON'T YOU HEAR BABY CRY?

Do you forget that summer's coming with all its dangers to the little ones—all troubles bred in the bowels.

The summer's heat kills babies and little children because their little insides are not in good, clean, strong condition.

Winter has filled the system with bile. Belching, vomiting up of sour food, rash, flushed skin, colic, restlessness, diarrhoea or constipation, all testify that the bowels are out of order.

If you want the little ones to face the coming dangers without anxious fear for their lives, see that the baby's bowels are gently, soothingly, but positively *cleaned out in the spring time, and made strong and healthy before hot weather sets in.*

The only safe laxative for children, pleasant to take (they ask for more) is *CASCARETS.* Nursing mothers make their milk mildly purgative for the baby by eating a *CASCARET* now and then. Mama eats a *CASCARET,* baby gets the benefit. Try it! Send for a 10c box of *CASCARETS* to-day and you will find that, as we guarantee, all irregularities of the little and big childrens insides are

CURED BY

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS

To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy *CASCARETS* we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper. 425

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth in General Assembly met, that the following is proposed as amendments to the Constjtution of the Commonwealth of Penasylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One to Article Eight, Section One.

Add at the end of the first paragraph of said section, after the words "shall be entitled to vote at all elections," the words "subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Qualifications of electors. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject, however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, within six months, immediately preceeding the election.)

He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceeding the election.

If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Amendment Eleven to Article Eight, Section Seven.

Strike out from said section the words "but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered," and add to said section the following words, "but laws regnating and requirfng the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 7. Uniformity of Election Laws.—All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the state, but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the Eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment.

Strike out section four of article eight, and insert in place thereof as follows:

Section 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot or by such other method as may be prescribed by law: Provided, That secrecy in voting be preserved.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Of the Receipts, Expenditures, Assets and Liabilities of Emporium Borough for Year 1899-1900.

WM. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in account with Emporium Borough.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$ 866 80
Received from C. H. Jessop, Collector	837 83
Received from C. H. Jessop, Dog Tax for 1899	12 09
Received for reparing and cleaning sidewalks	2 00
Received from fines and licenses	54 25
Received from C. M. Thomas, County Treasurer, for liquor licenses	1482 00
Received from sundries on account of sewer	28 80
Received from Green & Shaffer	1 75
Received from C. J. Goodnough	70 00
Received from Auditor General for Foreign Insurance	49 16
Received for 4 ft. of sewer pipe	32
	$ 3405 00

EXPENDITURES.

For streets and crossings.

John Welsh	Labor	$ 94 38
Thomas Cavanaugh	do	60 63
Al. Murray	do	11 13
Sam. Parks	do	1 50
A. Vogt	do	88
W. Snyder	do	2 25
P. Schweikart	do	33 75
F. Gideus	do	2 25
J. Hemphill	do	3 00
Josh. Bair	do	6 25
T. F. Moore	do	3 50
W. Brown	do	1 00
F. S. Bunnell	do	18 38
J. A. Fisher	do	1 70
Fred Kaye	do	1 00
Thomas Smith	do	18 25
H. J. Sassman	do	1 50
E. Pye	do	1 00
C. Kinney	do	11 63
H. Robinson	do	75
Geo. Seavor	do	25 88
M. Cavanaugh	do	1 13
F. Leutze	do	3 75
F. Dodson	do	2 00
Thos. Waddington	do	3 50
Jas. Fetter	do	50
A. Kriner	do	75
D. Marshall	do	75
John Kline	do	75
E. L. Rendt	do	75
L. Evans	do	75
Jas. Farrell	do	50
W. A. Dalrymple	do	25
Ed. Straught	do	2 46
Chas. Prosser	Team work	35 00
Chas. Fry	do	19 50
E. Housler	do	7 13
D. C. Hayes	do	5 70
John Blinzler	do	14 00
Tony Seifreid	do	11 45
Thomas Smith for services as Street Commissioner		147 00
P. R. Beatty for services as Street Commissioner		286 40
		$ 840 13

FOR SEWERS.

D. C. Hayes, for draying	3 60
F. P. Rentz, for Sewer Pipe	110 65
I. K. Hockley, for Supplies	10 18
Emporium Machine Co. for Supplies	5 48
	$ 129 91

FOR BRIDGES.

T. F. Moore	354 00

FOR PRINTING.

Cameron Co. Press, for printing Auditors Reprt	40 00
Emporium Independent, for printing Auditors Report	40 00
	80 00

FOR POLICE.

John Glenn, Special Police	2 00
Frank Wheaton, Special Police	2 00
	4 00

FOR LUMBER.

S. S. Hacket	154 23
C. B. Howard & Co.	65 82
Leet & Co.	4 80
	224 85

FOR FIRE DEPARTMENT.

For airing and drying hose	13 00
For hauling apparatus	9 00
Boston Belting Co. for new hose	181 00
Frank G. Judd for repairs	50
Walker, Howard & Co. for supplies	5 45
Citizens Hose Co. No. 2, on account of appropriation	25 00
Rescue Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1, on account of appropriation	75 00
Mountaineer Hose Co. No. 1, on account of appropriation	100 00
Hamilton Hose Co. No. 3, on account of appropriation	50 00
	458 95

FOR SUNDRIES.

Appropriation to Board of Health	15 00
S. E. Murry, for supplies	6 36
Emporium Machine Company	1 90
Walker, Howard & Co.	20 02
Hauber & Haupt	2 85
Josiah Howard, for audit 1898-1899	8 00
Grant S. Allen, do do do	12 00
C. J. Goodnough, do do do	12 60
Frank G. Judd, for Insurance	36 00
C. J. Goodnough, services as Boro Clerk	50 00
Green & Shaffer, Attorney Fees	15 00
St. Marys Gas Company for gas	314 00
State Treasurer for Tax on Bonds	17 48
	510 61
Total Expenditures	$ 2602 45

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts		$ 3405 00
Total expenditures	$2602.45	
Cash on hand	802.55	3405 00

ASSETS.

Cash in Treasury	$ 802 55
Due from C. H. Jessop, Col. 1897 tax	15 25
do do do do 1898 do	254 54
do do do do 1899 do	462 82
Due from R. B. Stiles, Ex-Coll	14 38
Due from C. H. Jessop, Col. on dog tax for 1899	56 00
	$ 1605 54

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding Order No. 159	$ 1 00
Assets over Liabilities	$ 1604 54

W. F. LLOYD, Treasurer, in account with Emporium Water Tax.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand from last audit	$ 600 81
Receipts from C. H. Jessop, Collector	836 87
	1437 68

EXPENDITURES.

Paid Emporium Water Company	$ 1400 00
Cash in Treasury to Bal	37 68
	1437 68

ASSETS.

Cash in Treasury	$ 37 68
Due from C. H. Jessop, Col. tax for 1897	6 61
do do do do tax for 1898	444 62
do do do do tax for 1899	462 82
Total Assets	$ 951 73

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding Orders Nos. 55-134	$ 1120 60
Liabilities over Assets	168 27

W. F. LLOYD, Treasurer, in account with Emporium Borough Bond Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Cash from C. H. Jessop, Collector	$ 992 86

EXPENDITURES.

Due Treasurer W. F. Lloyd from last settlement	$ 275 33
Paid 82 coupons at $2.50	205 00
Paid Bonds Nos. 17-18-19-20, $100.00 each	400 00
Cash in Treasury	112 53
	$ 992 86

ASSETS.

Cash in Treasury	$ 112 53
Due from C. H. Jessop, Col. tax for 1897	10 43
do do do do tax for 1898	56 80
do do do do tax for 1899	264 52
	$ 444 28

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding Bonds including No. 16	$ 3700 00

W. F. LLOYD, Treasurer, in account with Newton Cemetery Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$ 261 32

EXPENDITURES. NONE.

ASSETS,

Cash in Treasury	$ 261 32
Due on lots	175 00
Total Assets	$ 436 32

LIABILITIES. NONE.

We the undersigned, auditors of the Borough of Emporium, County of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, hereby certify that we have examined, audited, adjusted and settled the several accounts of the Borough Treasurer of said Borough, and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands this 12th day of June, 1900.

JOSIAH HOWARD,
GRANT S. ALLEN,
A. C. BLUM,
Borough Auditors.

DR. CHAS. F. SPANGLER,
Kane, Penn'a.
DISEASES OF WOMEN A SPECIALTY.
CONSERVATIVE TREATMENT.
TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE.
Dispensary cases treated at Kane Summit Hospital every Wednesday and Saturday morning.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Safe. Always reliable. **Ladies,** ask Druggist for **CHICHESTER ENGLISH** in **Red** and **Gold** metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.** Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for **Particulars, Testimonials** and **"Relief for Ladies,"** *in letter* by **return Mail. 10,000** Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists,

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.
49-26t e o w

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable gaurantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH
(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold by R. C. Dodson, Druggist,
34-48ly. Emporium, Pa.

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FOR Suppressed Monstruation
PAINFUL Menstruation
And a PREVENTIVE for FEMALE IRREGULARITIES.
Are Safe and Reliable. Perfectly Harmless
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Purely Vegetable! Never Fail!
PRICE $1.00
Sent postpaid on receipt of price. Money refunded if not as we say.
Vin de Cinchona Co.
Des Moines, Iowa.
Sold by L. Taggart. 25 26t

EXCURSION NOTICES.

Colorado and Utah.

Special excursion tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Glenwood Springs, Colorado, and to Salt Lake City and Ogden, Utah, will be sold from Chicago via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, on Aug. 21st and September 4th and 18th, 1900, at rate of one fare plus $2 for the round trip. Good to return until October 31, 1900.

For further information call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or Jno. R. Pott, D. P. A., 486 William St., Williamsport, Pa. 25-5t

Homeseekers' Excursions.

On the first and third Tuesdays in each month during 1900, from Chicago via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, to points in Iowa, South and North Dakota, Minnesota, Montana, Colorado, Utah, Nebraska, Oregon and Washington at the rate of one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, good 21 days. For further information call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 486 William street, Williamsport, Pa. Dec. 10

South Dakota and Wyoming.

Special excursion tickets will be sold from Chicago via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, on August 21st, Sept. 4th and 18th, to Deadwood, Spearfish, Rapid City and Custer, S. D., and to Casper and Sheridan, Wyo., at one fare plus $2 for the round trip. Good to return until October 31st, 1900. Stop overs allowed west of Omaha. For further information call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 486 William St., Williamsport, Pa. 25-5t

ALL SORTS.

You will never find any other pills so prompt and so pleasant as DeWitt's Little early Risers. R. C. Dodson. 18-ly

No matter how complete a woman's wardrobe is, she can never take a trip without buying a few extra things.

Valuable in Changeable Weather.

People are benefited by the use of Speer's Port Grape Wine, especially ladies. It purifies the blood and makes their eyes shine like stars. 25-eow

It is all very well to take things as they come, but you can sometimes get a great deal more by going after them.

Stop Colds

when you feel one coming on by taking Krause's Cold Cure. Prepared in convenient capsules that cure while you work. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. 25ly

No man is without faults, but it is impossible to convince the girl who has just become engaged that such is the case.

Stops the Cough And Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents. 26

The woman who is always bewailing around the 21st of December that she did not begin to save up for Christmas soon enough ought to begin now.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by L. Taggart. Aug

More than one girl who goes to the lake and has her picture taken in a sentimental attitude with a summer acquaintance lives to repent of it afterwards.

Chinese are dangerous enemies, for they are treacherous. That's why all counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are dangerous. They look like DeWitt's, but instead of the all-healing witch hazel they all contain ingredients liable to irritate the skin and cause blood poisoning. For piles, injuries and skin diseases use the original and genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. R. C. Dodson. 18ly

Any respectable gorilla might justly resent the idea of evolution ftom his tribe.

During the civil war, as well as in our late war with Spain, diarrhoea was one of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many instances it became chronic and the old soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David Taylor of Wind Ridge, Green Co., Pa., is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and says he never found anything that would give him such quick relief. It is for sale by L. Taggart. Aug

Of all the flags of foreign nations at the Paris exposition there is none in greater evidence than the Stars and Stripes.

A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. I saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, MRS. GEO. F. BURDICK, Liberty, R. I. For sale by L. Taggart. Aug

An Apology is Due.

A farmer near Jersey Shore has a son George who is very hard to get out of bed mornings. When called the boy has a habit of answering "Yes, sir," and then goes to sleep again. A few mornings ago he called the boy, got the usual "Yes, sir," then quietly slid up stairs, turned down the covers and gave him a lively spanking. It happened on that night the hired girl had been given the boy's room. When the tumult was over the farmer sat down behind the barn and drafted an apology to the hired girl.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, old folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat and lung troubles. R. C. Dodson. 18-ly

A wit must always have a butt for his sarcasm.

It will surprise you to experience the benefits obtained by using the dainty and famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. R. C. Dodson. 18ly

A young husband calls his wife, "Birdie," because, he says, "she is always associated in my mind with a bill."

The quicker you stop a cough or cold the less danger there will be of fatal lung trouble. One Minute Cough Cure is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. You will like it. R. C. Dodson. 18ly

All the footsteps lead to the lion's den, but there are no marks of any returning.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomach troubles. 18ly

Amusement is to the human mind what sunlight is to the flowers.

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspepties used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. R. C. Dodson. 18ly

An ounce of reality is worth a pound of romance.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. R. C. Dodson. 18ly

Nerves Like a Flat-Iron.

A woman who suffered for three yerrs from nervous prostration says, two bottles of Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows to-day whether she has any nerves or not as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy. L. Taggart. 25y

If people are going to tire of each other it is better that they should do it before they are married than afterward.

Notice.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Downs' Elixir if it does not cure any cough, cold, croup, whooping cough or throat trouble. We also guarantee Downs' Elixir to cure consumption, when used according to directions, or money back. A full dose on going to bed and small doses during the day will cure the most severe cold, and stop the most distressing cough. For sale by L. Taggart, and R. C. Dodson. 34-24.

Mr. Bryan's experience in farming bids fair to rival his career as a soldier.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 26

A wise one says one of the most hopeless things on earth is a boy who won't work.

Evils of Antipyrine.

The use of antipyrine for the relief and cure of headaches has a depressing influence on the heart, and causes a derangement of the kidneys. Krause's Headache Capsules contain no antipyrine, chloral, morphine or any injurious ingredient. They cure quickly and leave the head clear and cool. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. 25ly

It is believed that the Hon. George L. Wellington is engaged in blowing into the wrong end of his Waterloo.

The Only Headache Cure.

Frank J. Baker, of Colorado Springs, says: "Krause's Headache Capsules is the only remedy that ever checked my sick headache, and I have cured scores of my friends with them." Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. 25ly

A political party that cannot stand by its predictions will naturally run away from its platforms.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat.
Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.
00c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.
Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.
$1 per vial, or special package with powder, for $5
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

Scene in the Valley de Mendiz, Portugal.
Group of Girls Carrying Weighty Baskets Full of Grapes to the Winery to be Crushed and Made into Wine.

The Speer Wine Company, Passaic N. J.,
have their vineyards stocked of the same grape, the only vineyard of the kind in this country, the vines were imported and planted here over forty years ago. The Speer Port wine and Burgundy are now regarded the finest in the world, their rich, full body and high character is unexcelled. Invalids, weakly persons, especially females, and the aged are made strong and vigorous by its use, as a medicinal wine it has no equal; as a family wine it has no superior. First class physicians all over the country, here and in Europe, who have tried them recommend them as the best.
A close study by physicians on the effect of different brands of wines on the system convinces them of the superiority of the Speer Passaic wines for their patients.
Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.
WORMS!
WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE
FOR 20 YEARS
Has led all WORM Remedies.
EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
Prepared by RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.
For sale by L. Taggart. 35-26-1y.

Keeley Cure
Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4320 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.
Write for free Booklet.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

Travelers Guide.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Jan. 1, 1900, passenger trains will depart from Johnsonburg as follows:

NORTH BOUND.

8:48 A. M.—Week days, from P. & E. Station for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

2:02 P. M.—Daily, including Sunday, from B. R. & P. Station, Grant Street, Fast Express, solid vestibuled train for Bradford, Buffalo and Rochester, equipped with cafe and reclining chair cars.

4:23 P. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station, for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

SOUTH BOUND.

9:12 A. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney and intermediate points.

1:40 P. M.—Daily including Sunday from B. R. & P. station, Grant Street, Fa t Express, solid vestibuled train for Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney, Butler and Pittsburg, equipped with cafe and reclining chair cars.

6:12 P. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station, for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, and intermediate stations.

Thousand mile tickets, good for passage between all stations on B. R. & P. Ry., and N. Y. C. & H. R. R., (Penna. Division) at twenty ($20) dollars. Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before entering the cars. An excess charge of ten cents will be collected by conductors when fares are paid on trains, from all stations where a ticket office is maintained.

EDWARD C. LAPEY, Gen. Pass. Agt. Rochester, N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.

In effect May 27, 1900.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

5 15 A. M.—Train 12 week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.50 P. M., Baltimore 6.40 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—Train 6 daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M. Baltimore, 2:30 A. M. Washington, 4:05 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

9 42 P. M.—Train 4 Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 A. M., New York 9.35 A. M., weekdays, (10.35 A. M. Sundays) Baltimore 6.35 A. M., Washington 7.44 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Buffalo to Washington.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—Train 9 week days for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 25 A. M.—Train 3 Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M. — Train 61, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 9 leaves New York 5:55 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:45 p. m., Baltimore 8:45 p.m., daily, arriving at Emporium Junction 5:10 a. m., with Pullman Sleepers and passenger coaches, from Philadelphia to Erie week days and from Philadelphia and Washington to Buffalo, daily. Passenger coaches, Philadelphia to Erie, week days; Washington to Buffalo, daily: On Sundays this train arrives at Emporium, 5:15 A. M.

Train 3 leaves New York 7.55 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m, Baltimore 11.55 p. m., daily, arriving at Emporium 10.25 a. m., with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport—on Sundays only Pullman Sleepers from Philadelphia to Erie.

Train 61 leaves Philadelphia 8.40 a. m., Washington 7.55 a.m., Baltimore 8.55 a.m., Wilkesbarre 10.55 A. M., week days, arriving at Emporium 6.23 P. M., with Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Kane.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD and Connections.

(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD. P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	Stations.	NORTHWARD P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	8 55	4 00	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 05
.....	9 47	4 41	...Driftwood...	.....	4 00	10 12
.....	10 25	5 10	.Emporium Junc	.....	3 25	9 40
.....	11 08	5 52	...St. Marys...	.....	2 41	9 05
3 25	11 12	6 00	..... Kane.....	12 20	3 05	8 25
3 43	11 31	6 22	....Wilcox....	11 58	2 45	8 05
3 56	11 46	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 33	7 52
			.....	.....	.....	
4 15	12 10	7 00	...Ridgway....	9 35	2 15	7 30
4 22	12 17	7 05	..Island Run..	9 28	2 08	7 23
4 27	.....	7 12	.Carman Trafer	9 23	2 03	.....
4 35	12 30	7 21	...Coryland...	9 15	1 54	7 09
4 39	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 11	1 51	7 05
4 42	12 36	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 07	1 47	7 01
4 46	12 40	7 33	....Carrier....	9 02	1 43	6 57
4 56	12 50	7 43	.Brockwayville	8 53	1 33	6 47
4 59	12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 47	1 28	6 43
		7 51	.McMinns Sm't.	8 43		
5 07	1 03	7 54	.Harveys Run..	8 39	1 19	6 35
5 15	1 10	8 00	..Falls Creek...	8 35	1 15	6 30
5 30	1 25	8 10	....DuBois.....	8 25	1 10	6 10
5 17	1 23	8 25	..Falls Creek...	7 01	11 00	6 30
5 31	1 32	8 38	.Reynoldsville.	6 47	1 00	6 14
6 02	1 59	9 05	..Brookville...	6 10	12 33	5 37
6 18	2 38	9 45	New Bethlehem	.....	11 58	4 49
7 28	3 15	10 20	...Red Bank....	.....	11 23	4 05
9 55	5 30	12 40	....Pittsburg...	.....	9 10	1 40
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

Through Palace Car to Pittsburg on train leaving Falls Creek at 8:25 A. M.; returning on train leaving Pittsburg at 1:40 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

Pennsylvania
RAILROAD.
Buffalo and Allegheny Valley Division.

Taking Effect August 1, 1900.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Oleanand Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Buffalo Special, daily.....5:15 A. M.
Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday 8.35 A. M.
Mail, (103) daily except Sunday.....1.50 P. M.
Train No. 103 (mail) will connect at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

Call on E. C. DAVISON, Agent, Emporium, for time tables or other information.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'ngr Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA
RAILROAD.
Low Grade Division
P. & E. R. R Div.

In Effect August 1st, 1900.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

EASTBOUND.

STATIONS.	No. 9.	13.	1	5	7	41
Via L. G. Div	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg..Lv.	.....	†6 15	†9 10	†140	†505	† 9 16
Red Bank,	.....	9 22	11 23	4 05	7 50	11 15
Lawsonham,	.....	9 34		4 18		11 26
New Bethle'm	.....	10 08	11 58	4 49	8 25	11 55
Brookville,	†6 10	10 55	12 33	5 37	9 07	12 41
Reynoldsville,	6 47	11 27	1 03	6 14	9 35	1 14
Falls Creek	7 01	11 43	1 16	6 30	9 50	1 29
DuBois,	7 08	†11 50	1 25	6 38	†955	† 1 35
Sabula,	7 20	.....	1 38	6 51		
Pennfield,	7 39	.....	1 55	7 15	Mdc.	
Bennezette,	8 15	.....	2 29	7 49		
Driftwood,	†8 55	.....	†3 05	†825		
via P. & E. Div						
Driftwood.. Lv.	†9 00	.....	†4 00			
Emporium, Ar.	†10 25	.....	†6 23			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WESTBOUND.

STATIONS.	No. 8	6	2	14	10	42
Via P. & E. Div	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Emporium, Lv.	.....	.....	†8 20	.....	†3 15	.....
Driftwood, Ar.	.....	.....	†9 00	.....	†3 58	.....
Via L. G. Div	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Driftwood, Lv.	.....	†6 30	†11 25	.....	†5 50	.....
Bennezette,	.....	7 05	12 00	.....	6 27	.....
Pennfield,	.....	7 39	12 34	.....	7 03	.....
Sabula,	.....	7 56	12 51	.....	7 21	.....
DuBois,	†6 25	8 15	1 10	†5 10